Bellefonte Republican.

John M Dale

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXVII | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 18, 1904 | NO. 3

LINCOLN DAY AT STATE.

Brilliant Exercises Held in the Schwab Auditorium.

IN MEMORY OF PATRIOT LINCOLN

Eloquent Address by John Patton, Ex-United States Senator from Michigan—Addresses by Two College Students.

MANY ATTENDED FROM BELLEFONTE.

February 12, 1904, the birthday of the martyred President, Abraham Lincoln, was fittingly observed at Pennsylvania State College by services of more than usual importance. In fact so successful were they that President Atherton announced from the platform, that he hoped that the birthday of Lincoln would continue to be observed at Pennsylvania State College for generations to come.

Senator John Patton, the orator of the day, arrived in Bellefonte Thursday evening accompanied by his brother State Senator A. E. Patton, of Curwensville, and the latter's son. In the morning at 9 o'clock they left over a special train for State College. Quite a large number of Bellefonters were with the Senator and his party, among the number being General James A. Beaver, Judge John G. Love, Rev. Ambrose Schmidt, A. A. Dale, Esq., Frank C. Montgomery, Henry Quigley, Register A. G. Archey, Hon. James Schofield, Rev. J. E. Morris, Thomas Beaver, Jas. H. Potter, A. C. Mingle, Prothonotary M.I. Gardner. There were several ladies in the party and several other gentle men, the names of the latter we fail to recall. We also noticed in the train Col. Hiram Young, of the York *Dispatch*, Col. John A. Woodward, of Haward; Hon. H. A. Curtin, of Roland; and Hon. J. Will Kepler, of Pine Grove Mills.

The party was met at the station by President Atherton and the faculty and after a cordial greeting they were escorted to the beautiful and commodious Schwab Auditorium where the college students had already assembled. The visitors took seats on the platform.

President Atherton presided and after an invocation by Prof. Gill the Lord's prayer was chanted by a large student choir of male voices. The anthem "To Thee, Oh Country Great and Free," was also sung by the choir after which in a few appropriate words Gen. Beaver introduced the distinguished orator of the day Senator John Patton, of Grand Rapids, Michigan. Senator Patton received a warm greeting and his address which was eloquent and scholarly was well received. His subject was of course "Abraham Lincoln" and the speaker paid a splendid tribute to this matchless American, one of the greatest if not the greatest man this country has ever produced.

The Battle Hymn of the Republic was sung with spirit after which Wade H. Barnes, of the Senior class, delivered an eloquent address on "Lincoln the Man" this was followed by another student, John C. Elder, on "Lincoln the President."

The exercises were then brought to a close by the singing of America.

The Yankees of the East.

The "Japs" are the Yankees of the East and in the opening contest with Russia scored a signal victory. It was the men behind the guns that largely did the business and the promptness with which it was done has no doubt taught the Russians a lesson they will not soon forget. The sympathy of most people is with the Japanese in this conflict and although they have a strong antagonist they have gained a victory that gives them a decided advantage. If it should be followed up by like successful attacks, Russia may be brought to terms much quicker than it was generally believed she would be. The Japanese are patriots fighting for justice and having the right on their side it is hoped by all lovers of justice that she will win.

A Tie Game of Basket Ball.

The Sophmores and Freshmen of the Bellefonte High School played an interesting game of basket ball in the armory Saturday afternoon. The result was a tie, the score being 3 to 3. The Sophmore line-up was as follows: Centre, Wood; Forward, Hall and McGarvey; Guards, Wetzel and Barnes.

Freshmen line-up Centre, Rumberger; Forward, Smith and Brouse; Guards, Nolan and Etters.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

Russian Cruiser Blown Up—Japanese Cross Yalu River.

CHEFOO, February 15.—A reliable authority says that three Russian torpedo boats have been sunk by guns from the forts. They were mistaken for Japanese vessels. A steamer arrived here from Port Arthur reports that heavy firing was heard in the straits of Pe-Chi-Li at midnight.

SEOUL, Tuesday, February 9th.—The Japanese fleet which entered Chemulpo last night, escorting transports, captured one Russian volunteer warship and two steamers in the open sea.

TOKIO, Saturday, February 13.—The Russian Valdovostok squadron is still in sight, cruising in the Sea of Japan. A report that Mateuyama, on the inland sea, had been bombarded by the Russian squadron is untrue.

TOKIO, February 13.—The date of the forward movement of the main body of the Japanese army has not been disclosed, but it probably will be deferred until the completion of the naval operations. The publication of the number of soldiers at the points of mobilization is still forbidden. The mobilization is progressing with surprising celerity and without confusion. The staff shows a remarkable mastery of details. The main railways are cancelling or curtailing schedules, and devoting every energy to facilitate the movement of the troops. The reserves are assembling and occupying the garrisons vacated by the regulars and this movement is progressing with the precisions of a drilled army. All are immensely eager to take the field.

Subscriptions have been opened for the first hundred million yen war bonds. The subscriptions will close March 10. It is anticipated that the issue will be over-subscribed many times. The country is preparing for a long war, and seems capable of sustaining itself financially for two years. She possesses vast military and naval stores and excellent home credit. Her soldiers and sailors are ready to give their services free if necessary.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 16.—Major General Pflug, Viceroy Alexieff's chief of staff, telegraphs that a message received from the frontier guard says that mounted patrols, believed to be Japanese, were seen Sunday in the vicinity of Hsin-Ming-Ting, northwest of Moukden.

No Japanese warships have been seen in the roadsted of Ta-Tung-au, at the mouth of the Yalu river.

Reports from Ying-Kau near New-Chwang, he continues, says that the Japanese are preparing to land at Tsin-Jenda.

General Pflug added that the situation Sunday at Port Arthur was unchanged.

A dispatch has been received here from Viceroy Alexieff, dated February 15, saying:

Captain Reitzenstein, commander of the Russian cruiser divisions, telegraphs that his division destroyed a steamer in Sangari (Tsugara?) Strait.

A violent storm, accompanied by heavy storm, accompanied by heavy snow, has been raging for three days, and nine degrees of frost have been registered. The enemy has not been encountered.

TOKIO, February 16.—The entire press of Japan is united in expressing keen appreciation of the deep and general sympathy which is being shown Japan by other countries, and argues that this war will be the means of drawing the East and West more closely together.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 16.—The Russian second class cruiser Boyarin was blown up by a mine February 13, in the same manner as was the Russian torpedo transport Yenisei. She had on board 197 officers and men, all of whom, it is understood, were lost. No details of the disaster have been given out.

The report circulated here today that the Russian cruiser Boyarin was blown up last Saturday, and that all her officers and crew, 197 in number, were lost, is confirmed from a private source.

The Boyarin was 348 feet long, 41 feet beam and 16 feet draught. She was of 3,200 tons displacement, and her trial speed was 25 knots. Her armament consisted of six 4-7inch guns, eight 1-8inch guns, two 1-4 inch guns and three machine guns. She was also fitted with six torpedo tubes. The Boyarin was last reported as having taken part in the engagement February 8 at Port Arthur.

BERLIN, February 16.—Nothing is known here officially of the report that the German cruiser Hansa, sent to remove German subjects from Port Arthur was fired upon by Japanese warships.

DEATH CLAIMS ITS VICTIM.

Senator Marcus A. Hanna Passed Peacefully Away Monday Evening

NO DISTRESSING INCIDENTS.

Mrs. Hanna and Son Not Present when the End Comes—Senator had been Unconscious Since the Early Morn.

A MOST DISTINGUISHED STATESMAN

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Senator Marcus Alonzo Hanna died at 6.40 o'clock Monday evening at the family apartments in the Arlington Hotel, after an illness extending over nearly two months, filed with apparent recoveries, followed by relapses and finally drifting into typhoid fever, which, in his weakened condition he was unable to withstand. When the end came, all the members of the Senator's family were in the room except Mrs. Hanna, the Senator's wife, and Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hanna. Mrs. Hanna had left the room only a few minutes before.

The last sinking spell began exactly 6:30 o'clock. Drs. Osler and Carter were then in attendance. They did not conceal the fact that life was about to ebb and all members of the family were sent for. Mrs. McCormick, one of the Senator's daughters, and Miss Phelps, were present when this was done. Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hanna were the first to arrive and they immediately withdrew to the chamber of the Senator's wife to summon her to the bedside.

THE END WAS PEACEFUL.

It was while they were absent the Senator breathed his last. In the meantime, Mr. McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. Parsons and H. M. Hanna had entered the room. Mr. Dover stood in the doorway. There were no distressing incidents attending the last moments. It was a sinking spell which terminated in ten minutes. Just after his eyes closed in death, Mrs. Hanna was able to come to the room. She bore up well under the terrible ordeal and is showing calmness and bravery.

The courage which has been displayed by Mrs. Hanna was the subject of the greatest surprise. She had been in almost constant attendance on her husband, though realizing fully that there was no hope for recovery. Nevertheless the remonstrances of the physicians and the added implorings of her children that she take some rest, were unavailing until late in the afternoon when she was attacked by a violent headache. She was given a narcotic and then retired to her chamber, but insisted that a call be sent as soon as there appeared to be any change for the worse.

For the last two days Senator Hanna had not been conscious, except at intervals, and then only to obey mechanically some instructions given him by the physicians. Fourteen hours before the end was announced, life had practically suspended, the flickering spark being kept aglow by the most powerful scientific agencies.

Death of Archibald Allison.

Archibald Allison one of Centre County's most esteemed residents died Tuesday Feb 9th. at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. S. Braucht, of Spring Mills. The deceased was aged about 74 years and had been ill for some time with heart trouble.

Six children survive, namely: Dr. J. R. G. Allison, Centre Hall; Eleanor, wife of Jonathan Condo, Bellefonte; Barbara, wife of C. P. Long, Spring Mills; A. Merril Allison, Orange City, Iowa; Margaret, wife of Dr. H. S. Braucht, Spring Mills, Harry Allison, Spring Mills. Mrs. Allison died about two years ago.

Mr. Allison was a resident of Howard and Bellefonte prior to moving to Spring Mills. He was an active member of the Presbyterian church, and was held in the highest esteem by all who knew him

The funeral took place Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. Dr. W. H. Schuyler, officiating.

THE ATHLETICS WIN

The Second Game of the Series for the Silver Cup.

The second game in the "Silver Cup" series of the basket ball games between the Athletic Club and Academy fives was played Thursday evening. The game was very close and exciting and was won by the clever work of Kechline who seemed to be able to shoot goals from any angle or any distance. The Academy boys must succeed in checking Keichline at the next game or the series will be lost to the Athletic Club. We believe the boys on the hill will devote all their energies to this end when the next game is played.

The crowd Thursday night exceeded that on the first night and was kept in a state of continuous excitement from start to finish owing to the even play of the teams. The first half ended with the Athletics leading by a score of 10-9. In the second half near the close Kechline excelled himself and by his clever shooting brought the score of his side up to 25 points while the Academy's score reached a total of 19 points. The interest is now centered in the game scheduled for next Thursday. If the Academy can win it, them inspired by victory they will likely win the fourth and that will make the fifth game the decisive one.

Both teams played well Thursday evening but the team work of the Athletics was more effective.

The line up was as follows:

Athletics		Academy
Gephart	Forward	Burns
Quigley	Forward	Weaver
Newbaker (capt)	Centre	Sharpe
Keichline	Guard	Thomas (capt) Leathers
Lane	Guard	Lauder

Goals Keichline 6, Quigley 2, Newbaker 2, Gephart 1, Sharpe 5, Thomas 1, Lauder 1, Burns 1. Goals from fouls Keichline 3, Sharpe 3.

Referee-Bailey State College Scorer, J. T. Mitchell, Time keepers Phil. Foster and Malcolm Laurie.

Meeting of Boro Council.

The boro council met Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock in the council chamber in the Public building on Howard street. In the absence of President Cunningham the chair was ably filled by Col. Reynolds as President pro tem. The following members were present: Kirk, Fenlon, Wise, Derstine, Reynolds.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by clerk Kelly and approved. Burgess Walker, Supt. Ryan and Street Commissioner Thos. Shaughensey were present.

Burgess Walker said that an insurance agent had suggested to him the propriety of testing the fire plugs in town. During the recent Baltimore fire quite a number of plugs were frozen and rendered useless.

Supt. Ryan of the water Department stated that he was assured that all the fire plugs were in good condition. They were put that way in fall.

Burgess Walker turned in $2.00 in fines for January. Burgess Walker stated that the fines for February would be somewhat heavier owing to the election.

The Phoenix pumping station is still proving a great success. The reservoir is kept full all the time and the water in the dam is not lowered perceptibly.

Col. Reynolds called the attention of council to the condition of the reservoir. There are a number of holes and cracks in the brick and cement that should be repaired. It makes that much extra work at the pumping station.

A boro note for $4.000 held by the Centre County bank was ordered renewed, and the interest paid.

Solicitor Fortney's bill for salary and extra services of $180.00 was brought up and discussed. His salary is only $50.00 a year but the balance was for extra service. It was approved.

Council then adjourned to meet Monday morning March 7, at 10 o'clock when the final meeting of the old council will be held.

The following bills were approved and orders drawn.

Water Account.

Water Works Pay Roll	119 50
Potter & Hoyhardware Co	2.17
Howard Co	47.66
Adams Express Co	78
Allison	16.32
J. L. Runkle	9.09
Penna Telephone Co, messages	8.30

Boro Account.

Street Pay Roll	18.63
Bfte Gas Co	48.10
Police Pay Roll	83 00
Potter & Hoy Hardware Co	.44
Benj. Williams	.50
J H Wetzel	7.00
Centre County Bank, interest	85.00
D F Fortney	180.00

—Lincoln's Birthday was observed with appropriate exercises in our High School February 12. All the scholars took an active part in paying tribute to our beloved Lincoln.

HISTORIC BATTLEFIELDS.

Shiloh and Chattanoga as Seen by State Commission.

DESCRIBED BY AN EYE WITNESS.

Conclusion of Col. Austin Curtin's Series of Articles on These Important Battle Grounds of the Civil War.

WHERE HEROES FOUGHT AND DIED.

[Continued from last week]

Reaching our boat soon after the noon hour dinner was served and when it was time to do so another start was made for another part of the field, but I, not wanting to go so fast took my cane in hand and footed it all over the field so as to get a better idea of it. As I did not expect to ever see it again, and we were to leave that evening I thought I would see as much as possible in a more deliberate way, and I did, getting much satisfaction therefrom. I cannot take time to describe any of the magnificent monuments erected there, but the ideal one to my way of thinking is in process of erection by the state of Iowa, it is the very first one you come to when you leave the Landing and is only about four hundred yards distant from it. While each regiment has its particular monument which was also erected by the state of Iowa on the spot where each one fought and many men fell, and they are all beautiful ones too, yet the state puts up a magnificent one, so to does the State of Illinoise and perhaps others, while regimental monuments mark the Illinois soldiers places. Yet the state has erected probably the most costly one on the field, although I do not like it as well as the one belonging to Iowa. It is something the State of Pennsylvania should do at Gettysburg and Antietam and other places, no need for it at Shiloh as there was but one regiment there But at Chicamauga, at Chattanooga at Knoxville, at Gettysburg and the state of N. Y., has the finest monument on the field, as well as each regiment marked. So to has Vermont and at Antietam. The state of New Jersey has a fine monument dedicated by the President last September. I hope to see the day when Pennsylvania will do the same on the various fields where her sons fought and many fell.

Bloody Pond, Peach Orchard, Hornet's Nest, noted places at Shiloh were visited by the party and much interest manifested in them. They are all well marked and easily found. Getting back to the boat and all being in readiness we sailed away on our homeward road, regretting being unable on account of the arrangements to continue longer on such an interesting and historic battle field. With the men of the 77th. and a few of the 73rd who came down from Chattanooga and the genial railroad man, Mr. Hopkins, and one man who said he was a correspondent of the Press of Philadelphia, we numbered 111 and took the whole capacity of the little boat to accommodate us with meals and sleeping places, but it was done and we got along nicely. All men employed on the boat with one or two exceptions are colored men. They get good pay and the work is not hard. A flat bottomed boat loaded with coal is taken along side for the fuel and then when empty is left at some landing to be loaded with lumber or other things and when the boat returns is again placed in tow and taken to some place else on the river. The boats draw but very little water and can easily make the trips although the river gets pretty low some times. The writer has spent a good deal of time on river boats before and during the war and seemed like getting back to old times to take a trip of 240 miles (120 each way.) It was exceedingly pleasant at any rate, with games and music the time passed pleasantly until each bedtime and when daylight broke on the morning of the 13th we were at the landing of Johnsonville having made the trip down the river much faster than we went up. Taking breakfast on the boat we were soon ready to go ashore, and found our cars waiting for us, when at 10:40 we left for the next stop Nashville.

Peanuts are raised in quantities in that section of the state and bring at present 60 cents per bushel, and some acres raise as much as 100 bushels you see it is a very profitable crop. I think when we passed through the warehouse at the landing when coming off the boat we saw in sacks such as they

(Continued on page 6)

WILLIAM Y. GRAY.

An Old Citizen of Philipsburg and Prominent Mason Passes Away.

Died, at his home, in Philipsburg, Friday, February 11, at 3 a. m., William Y. Gray, in his seventy-first year. Mr. Gray was born at Jersey Shore, July 30, 1833, his ancestors being among the early settlers of Northumberland county, and Mr. Gray spent his early years in Milton and vicinity. In 1853 he was united in marriage at Danville to Miss Mary J. Lunger, of Pottsgrove, who survives him together with four daughters, viz: Anna, wife of C. H. Guelich; Sarah, wife of E. F. Townsend, both of Philipsburg; Josephine, wife of W. S. Jones, of New Castle, and Cora, wife of John H. Apgar, of Clearfield. Two sons and two daughters preceded their father to the other world.

In 1880 Mr. Gray located in Philipsburg, having for 11 years previously lived at Salona, Clinton county, where he followed the carriage makers trade, which he had learned in his youth. He engaged in the same business at Philipsburg and followed it successfully, until failing health compelled him to turn over the buiness to his partner and son-in-law, Mr. Guelich, after following it 52 years. He was a soldier in the Civil war and a member of the G. A. R., being chaplain of John W. Geary Post, No. 90, since 1890.

Mr. Gray was an enthusiastic Mason, joining the body at Milton, in 1864. He is also a Knight Templar, a charter member of Moshannon Commandery, of which he was prelate and also a member of the Williamsport consistory. He belonged to the Knights of Malta. The latter years of his life, he devoted a great deal of time to the order, and had extensive correspondence with prominent Masons all over the world. For fifty years Mr Gray has been a member of the Baptist church and for seventeen years a deacon.

Mr. Gray was a genial gentleman, always cheery and pleasant and during the eight months of suffering from heart trouble and dropsy, which caused his death was always glad to see his many friends.

The funeral took place at 2 p. m., Monday, from the family residence, Rev. A. Z. Myers, officiating, assisted by Rev. Russell.

Resolutions of Respect.

The following resolutions in memory of William T Cherry were adopted by the Young American Republican Club of the West Ward at a recent meeting of the club:

WHEREAS, Death has claimed his own in taking from us our beloved brother, William Cherry; and

WHEREAS, Our brother has been a member of our club since it was first organized; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we humbly bow to the will of our Heavenly Father in this bereavement trusting Him, whose love is boundless and whose wisdom is supreme.

Resolved, That we record our high appreciation of him as a member of our club. His interest was intense and his place in the club seldom vacant, and everything that was for the good of the organization he was anxious to do.

Resolved, That we as an organization extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family in the loss of a loving and devoted son and brother and pray that the comforting influence of the Heavenly Father's love may grant them consolation.

Resolved, that these resolutions be recorded on the minutes of the club and that a copy be sent to the bereaved family and request their publication in the county papers.

FRANK SASSERMAN,
EARLE C. TUTEN,
HARRY IRVIN.

A Pretty Wedding.

Tuesday evening Feb. 2nd Miss Mary Lena Kepler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Kepler of Baltimore and William Rearick of Niagara Falls were united in marriage in St Pauls Reformed church, Rev. Lloyd E. Cablentz officiating.

The bride who is a very handsome and accomplished young lady wore a gown of white chiffon trimmed in duchess lace, and carried a shower bouquet of lillies of the valley; while the maid of honor Miss May Peters of Bellefonte looked charming in a gown of white silk crepe trimmed in Irish point lace and carrying a beautiful bouquet of roses.

The ushers were Messrs Harry Rearick, Thomas N. Mantiby, Dr. Thomas Hudson and John C. Henderson.

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride, followed by an elaborate wedding dinner. The high esteem in which the bride is held, was attested by the many beautiful presents received. After and extended wedding tour they will be at home to their friends at Niagara Falls where they will make their future home.

FARM·ORCHARD and GARDEN

By J. S. TRIGG

COPYRIGHT, 1904, BY J. S. TRIGG, ROCKFORD, IA.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

We know a man who says his boys are not worth shucks, and there is nobody to blame but the old man himself.

A high bred hen scored 97 points at a western poultry show not long since. Scrub hens could have scored 100 had they just gone to laying during January.

When a man finds that he is not raising more than twenty-five bushels of corn to the acre, there is a chance for him to do a whole lot of studying and investigating. Good job for the winter season.

As the prairie wolf disappears his place is taken by the red fox, a more destructive animal, so far as poultry is concerned, than the wolf. Foxes are becoming quite common through large sections of the west where they were never known to be before.

We have not heard of a single case of cornstalk disease this season, the stock having had the run of the fields without loss. Just why this should be so it would be interesting to know. There was apparently just about as much smut in the cornfields as usual.

When a man will refuse to water or skim his milk, keep the little, gnarly apples out of the middle of the barrel, put a cord of wood for a cord on his wagon and talk to the assessor as he would to the parson, it is small matter whether an evangelist gets into his neighborhood or not.

Minnesota has a well enforced pure food law, and it proves that most of the prosecutions under this law are confined to that part of the state immediately adjoining the state of Iowa, which has no such law, the operation of the law of competition tempting Minnesota merchants to sell cheap things if not good things.

In figuring up the profits of your farm operations for a year you should always take into account the house rent and good living the family has been provided with. If you do not know how much to credit the farm with on this account, go to town and ask some man with a like home and family to support how much it costs him. Doing thus, there is quite likely to be a surprise in store for you.

The item in these notes appearing a few weeks ago relative to the great benefit to be derived by securing seed oats from the north country has brought to us an unusual number of inquiries as to where such seed might be obtained. As an answer to all such we would say that such seed would be secured by us preferably from a latitude as far north as central Minnesota or North Dakota and may be obtained by opening a correspondence with any of the reliable farmers of those sections. The name of such man can be easily obtained through the courtesy of the local banker, editor or county officials.

The gasoline engine is having a merry war with the windmill. The windmill does not deny that it sometimes has to quit work for want of breath just when it is needed the worst and that sometimes when a summer storm lets loose it loses its head and legs, too, but it gets back on the engine with the charge that it, too, sometimes gets tired and balky when there is no sense in it, and then the owner gets mad and says some bad words in the cow barn about it, which he never does when the windmill stops, and then the charge is correctly made that it costs some money to run the engine, and in the effort to run it tribute is paid to the worst monopoly on the face of the earth, while all the windmill asks is a little wind and a few drops of oil. It is so far about nip and tuck between these rivals, and which will finally come off victor it is hard to tell.

We have been doing a little practical forestry work in our own timber of late, going over the sixteen acre lot carefully and removing such trees as seem to have fulfilled their mission. We found that the pig nut hickory usually dies when it attains a diameter of six inches, and all such will be cut. Then there were trees in bunches, trees deformed and scraggly, trees partially dead as results of winds and lightning. All these will be removed, thus giving the younger growth of timber a better chance to develop. It is very interesting work, infinitely more so than taking a piece of timber and savagely cutting everything off. We figure that this tract of timber—oak, maple, elm, basswood and hickory—judiciously thinned from year to year will supply us for many years with a fine hog pasture, a nice little sugar bush, as pretty a woodland park as one could wish for and all the fuel we need. True, more money might be obtained from the land to strip it of timber and grow corn, but for us there is something in trees worth more than mere money.

Men who use their credit to obtain unnecessary things will usually come to the time when they will be unable to use it to secure those which are necessary.

It looks as if there would be much less demand for labor in the construction of railways this year than last, and this lessened demand by the roads will to a certain extent affect farm labor.

If you can secure one, it is well to remember that an alfalfa pasture for the hogs will put size, bone and vigor into them and probably do more to render them immune to attacks of hog diseases than any other one thing.

There is always a little difference of $2 or more which it will pay any stock raiser to ponder over, and that is the $2 or more difference between the value of well bred and scrub steers on the Chicago market. Here is one of the biggest agricultural leaks in the country.

When farm butter is selling in winter at the local stores for 12 cents a pound, there is the place and right then the time to have a farmers' institute and show the profits of improved dairy methods. There are a good many such places even yet all over the country.

When the book agent calls treat him kindly. He may be some tenderfoot of a college student, and when you subscribe for his "Royal Road to Wealth" at $3.50 you may take pleasure in knowing that you have helped a deserving young man to the amount of $2.50 in his educational work.

We should think that poultry might be kept to very great profit in the southern states, where the winter weather would favor the production of eggs at a time when they bring fancy prices. If hens would lay then it would be small matter if they took a layoff during the summer months.

The average crop of sugar beets seems to be about twelve tons and the average price received about $4.20 a ton. When the cost of raising the crop, conservatively placed at $35 an acre, is deducted, there is certainly nothing to induce any man with good corn land to go into the growing of sugar beets.

The revenue obtained by the government by the taxation of sugar, some $36,000,000 per annum, is the nearest to robbing and oppressing the poor man that this government has ever gone. The poor need sugar more than do the rich. If this tax was removed it would be possible for the poor man to get twenty-eight or thirty pounds of sugar for a dollar.

Every little while we notice that some man well fixed on a good farm sells it and thinks he will look for a better country and, after trying the several gardens of Eden as set forth by real estate agents and corporations, comes back to his old stamping ground and buys the old farm back at a good increase in price over that which he received. It is always best to rent the old place for a year or so and go and prospect. You may want to come back.

We wish to say once more that when you give a field a two years' course in clover you have done as much in the way of renovating and fertilizing the soil as though you had put fifteen wagon loads of manure on each acre, and more. The soil is in better shape for future plant growth than if it had been manured as stated. There is no one thing of so much importance to farmers everywhere as to thoroughly comprehend the value of clover as a soil fertilizer. It is the law and the gospel of the new agricultural dispensation. Clover will prevent good soil from becoming poor and will make poor soil productive.

The most marked thing in connection with agricultural progress during the year 1903 was the remarkable increase in schools, reading courses, institutes, the establishment of departments in the papers of the country—all to promote a better knowledge of the science of agriculture. So far as tools and machinery are concerned, little more can possibly be done to facilitate farm work and cheapen the cost of production, and now in a very logical way interest passes from inventive lines to study and investigation how to produce better crops and stock. This is wonderfully dignifying agriculture as a profession. The scientist and the worker on the farm are nearer together than they have ever been before. Old Jake has quit turning up his rustic nose at "book farmin'," and the scientist no longer regards old Jake as a rustic lout and clodhopper.

We find that aside from the general misery incident to extreme cold weather it costs one-third more to feed stock and requires fully twice as much fuel to keep things comfortable when the mercury is 20 degrees below zero as when it is 20 degrees above. In this particular at least the southern states have a very great advantage over the northern ones. It is true that the frozen fields of the north are exempt from erosion by winter rains, that travel is pleasanter on snow than in mud and that the annual freezing up of the people tends to harden them physically and put lots of ginger into them for the spring and summer work; but after all, there is something mighty fine in having October weather in January and February and all winter long to work outdoors and nothing to pay for fur coats. The south should boom this asset more than it does to offset any deficiency in soil fertility.

THE TOWN MAN'S GARDEN.

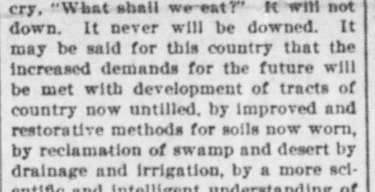
We take it that there are hundreds of town men—men working and living in our towns and cities and having a little bit of land, two or three square rods, say, on their home lot—who would be only too glad to have a garden from which they might secure a lot of nice fresh stuff to eat, but who do not know just how to go at it to get the results they desire. We will venture a suggestion or two for the benefit of any such of our readers. We will assume that you have three square rods which may be thus used. First, have it dug over a foot in depth and heavily fertilized with well rotted stable manure. If the plat lies up against a barn or a fence with a south or east exposure, plant three or four grapevines close to such wall or fence and train them on it. On these vines have your wife throw all the soapsuds, and stray cats may be very advantageously planted near the vines (after they are killed); next get twenty good, strong asparagus roots and plant two feet apart in either row or bed, as the lay of the plat will best suggest; put in four roots of pieplant, plant one square rod with strawberries and use what land there is left for beets, early cabbage, radishes, lettuce, tomatoes, peppers. Do not bother with potatoes and corn, for this garden of yours is too small. We had almost forgotten the small hotbed, which can be made by the side of the barn or shed, in which you may easily raise an early supply of radishes and lettuce and grow enough tomato, pepper and celery plants for yourself and all your neighbors. These general suggestions, if followed out, will result in two things—you will be more than well paid for all your trouble, and you will find the care of the little garden a most welcome change from the monotonous work of the office or store. The above is practical if not very scientific.

"WHAT SHALL WE EAT!"

The rapid growth of population in America and the constantly increasing depletion of the fertility of the soils of all the farm lands east of Illinois and Wisconsin give not a little interest to the query of how the people of the country are to be fed in the next century. This question of population and food is a very serious one in many countries. India starves half the time. The Irishman has had an unsatisfied appetite for a century. China's bill of fare is rice and rats. Germany has to chew old horse. The children of the sun in Spain and Italy are not half fed. Even Russia does not escape the famine scourge. Rising above all questions of finance, political economy and diplomacy the world over rises the cry, "What shall we eat?" It will not down. It never will be downed. It may be said for this country that the increased demands for the future will be met with development of tracts of country now untilled, by improved and restorative methods for soils now worn, by reclamation of swamp and desert by drainage and irrigation, by a more scientific and intelligent understanding of the earth and its uses, by the abolition of the wasteful processes now such a distinctive feature of American agriculture. Some of these reforms are already under way, and the others will follow.

A PRAIRIE PEST.

The whole of the prairie west is now pre-empted by the crow. It is but a few years since one was not to be seen. Then there came a time when one was occasionally seen, and now they have multiplied so fast that flocks of hundreds and, we might say, thousands are a common thing all through the west. The old charge so often made against these birds of pulling up the newly planted corn in the cornfields of the east we do not hear brought against them in the west, perhaps because the cornfields are so large that no perceptible damage is done. But they do greatly injure the corn growing near their flyways and roosts when it gets into the dough stage by stripping the husks down and sucking the juice from the kernels. They also wage an unceasing war on other birds by destroying their nests and eating the eggs and young birds. While the crow will follow the plow, he is mostly after angleworms, which are always good friends of the farmer. We rate this bird as a nuisance, a pirate and a robber and so one of the few birds upon which an unceasing warfare should be made.



How to Advertise.

The householder in glancing through his morning paper has his attention caught by the more attractive advertisements. Advertising is an essential factor in modern business methods, and to advertise wisely the business man must understand the workings of the minds of his customers and must know how to influence them effectively—he must know how to apply psychology to advertising.—Atlantic.

Instructions to the Cook.

"How long shall I boil the eggs, ma'am?" asked the cook.

"I don't exactly know," replied the young housewife, "but cook them until they are real tender."—Chicago Post.

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor and general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best of all medicines for all humors.

$24,000,000 For Wagon Roads.

There is pending in Congress a bill called the Brownlow bill introduced by Hon. Walter P. Brownlow, of Tennessee which appropriates $24,000,000 as national aid for the building of wagon roads. This sum is to be available at the rate of $8,000,000 a year; is to be divided according to the population of the different states, but no state is to receive less than $250,000. Every state receiving national aid must appropriate and spend a like amount.

The asserted growth of sentiment in favor of the measure has chiefly due to the institution and extension of the rural free mail delivery system, which has brought the disadvantages of poor roads home to the farmers and other country dwellers. Applications for the extension of the free rural delivery system are being refused by the Post Office authorities on account of the roads and the disappointed communities demand their improvement. These demands are so in excess of ability of the local boards to respond that for a year past Highway Commissions all over the country have been putting themselves on record in favor of national aid.

It is claimed on behalf of the bill that the plan of distribution of some $32,500,000 a year under the Rivers and Harbors Bill, which goes principally to the seaboard states and to the Mississippi delta.

In support of the Brownlow Bill, as a general measure, attention is called to the facts that France has 23,603 miles of wagon road, which are built and maintained by the nation, and Italy about 5,000 miles, while many of the States of the Union spend hundreds of thousands of dollars annually in the aid of highway improvement.

Dangerous Cont.

Dr. Harry M. Ulsh, a civil war veteran, who is driver of rural mail rout No. 2, from Lewistown, was held up near Strode's Mills by a black bear. Ulsh, who wears a coat made from the fur of the bear family, was driving leisurely along when a black bear crossed his trail ahead and stopped by the roadside to take a good look at the doctor and his coat as if he recognized in it a long-lost brother. But the doctor, not desiring any futher acquaintance with his bearship, put the whip to his horse and, deviating somewhat from his usual route, he made a record run to the next farm house, where he reported the matter.

The farmers took their shotguns to hunt for bruin, but as yet they have not reported his capture. Ulsh declares he will never wear that coat along the mountains again until that particular bear has been slaughtered as bruin acted just as though he identified the skin as that of a brother bear.

Valuable Consignment.

A valuable consignment of metal and paper money, embracing parts of several of the most valuable coin collections in the country, reached St. Louis from Tyrone and is now in the safe deposit vault of a local trust company. The shipment was consigned to Farran Zerbe, formerly of Tyrone, chief of the Souvenir Coin department of the World's Fair. In the shipment there are nearly 50,000 different pieces, including 10,000 specimens representing coin issues from 7000 B. C. to the present day. Among are a set of six California "slugs" ($50 gold pieces), said to be the only set in possession of a private collector.

There are about 40,000 pieces of paper money, representing various denominations up to $1,000, most of the specimens now obsolete as currency, though representing a face value of several million dollars. The collection will be exhibited at the Exposition.

—My, but can't the thermometer change soon these days.

Free Holiday Games

60 different games—all new—one in each package of

Lion Coffee

at your Grocer's.

Like a Comet

This famous remedy does for the stomach that which it is unable to do for itself, even if but slightly disordered or overburdened.

Kodol

supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles and membranes of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. It cures indigestion, flatulence, palpitation of the heart, nervous dyspepsia and all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying and strengthening the glands, membranes of the stomach and digestive organs.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Your Dealer Can Supply You.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50c.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

F. P. Green

AN EARLY RISER.

A strong, healthy, active constitution depends largely on the condition of the liver. The famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers not only cleanse the system but they strengthen the action of the liver and rebuild the tissues supporting that organ. Little Early Risers are easy to act, they never gripe and yet they are absolutely certain to produce results that are satisfactory in all cases. Sold by Green Pharmacy.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Parrish's drug store.

HAVE YOU INDIGESTION?

If you have indigestion, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will cure you. It has cured thousands. It is curing people every day—every hour. You owe it to yourself to give it a trial. You will continue to suffer until you do try it. There is no other combination of digestants that digest and rebuild at the same time. Kodol does both Kodol cures, strengthens and rebuilds. Sold by Green Pharmacy.

RELIEF IN ONE MINUTE.

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucous membrane, causing the cough and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure strengthens the lungs, wards off pneumonia and is a harmless and never failing cure in all curable cases of Coughs, Colds and Croup. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Sold by Green Pharmacy.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

C. A. SNOW & CO.

Opposite U. S. Patent Office

WASHINGTON, D. C.

—The Musical College at Freeburg, Pa., is in session, to continue without vacation until the holidays, a term of six weeks or more, at a trifling expense. Pupils can be admitted at any time. Piano, organ, singing, and brass band music taught. For catalogue address,

HENRY B. MOYER

Ingersoll Watches

SALES 6,000 A DAY

This is the Ingersoll Dollar Watch, which sells at the lowest price, carries the strongest guarantee and has a larger sale than all other watches. Perfect in accuracy, size and style. Other Ingersoll's at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00. Sold by dealers everywhere or post paid by us for $1 00. Booklet free

Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro.

Dept. 3, 51 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK

If the roots are not quite dead

ED. PINAUD'S Eau de Quinine Hair Tonic

is always efficacious. It is a positive dandruff cure. It will keep a good set of hair from falling out and will render beautiful tresses all the more luxuriant and glossy. 125,000 bottles sold in one month in the United States.

4 oz. bottle 50c.
8 oz. bottle $1.00

Ed. Pinaud's American Import Office, Ed. Pinaud Bldg., N.Y.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by C. M. Parrish.

LA GRIPPE

Pneumonia follows La Grippe but never follows the use of

FOLEY'S Honey and Tar

It stops the Cough and heals the lungs. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption.

MR. G. VACHER, of 137 Osgood St., Chicago, writes: "My wife had la grippe and it left her with a very bad cough on her lungs which FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR cured completely."

C. M. Parrish

AN OFFER WORTH CONSIDERING.

To any of our readers who will pay for the DAILY NEWS one year in advance we will furnish The Toledo Weekly Blade free for the entire year.

PHYSICIANS endorse the W. B. Erect Form corset. That's because the Erect Form is founded on the natural figure—assisting instead of hindering its fullest development. The Erect Form throws out the chest—flattens the abdomen—braces the back and rounds off hips and bust into graceful modish lines.

More than 40 different models. Each style designed for a different figure. Your dealer carries the Erect Form in stock at prices upward from $1.00.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Makers
377-379 Broadway, New York

DER PENNSYLVANIER

Mischter Drucker!—Ich winsch Eich un Eire Leser ah en recht glickselig neies Johr, wann ich mit meim Wunsch noch in Zeit bin. Wie mir alleweil lewe, gilt es juscht am erschte oder allefalls noch am zweete Dag, wann mer Prosit Neijohr segt: am dritte is es bei die mehnste Leit schun ebbes Altes. Verleicht mag es desmol en Ausnahm sei, weil's am dritte Janner Sundag is, wo die Leit nix zu dhun hawe; awer enihau, wer heitigsdags hinnenoh kummt, der is ewe en Bäcknumber.

Well, Mischter Drucker, wie hen Ihr ausgemacht iwer die Feierdage? Hen Ihr dichtig Präsente kriegt, oder is es Eich verleicht gange wie mir, daß Niemand an Eich gedenkt hot? Ja well, so geht's ewe, wann mer emol älter werd. Do derf mer juscht noch des Packetbuch rausziege un kahfe. D'r deitsch Hannes hot mir gesaht, es wär ihm gange grad wie in Deitschland—er hät zweemol nix kriegt, nix am Chrischtdag un nix zum Neijohr. Awer dessetwege bät er doch lewe, un er wär ah unner keenerlee Obligehschen.

Des Präsentekriege is en allrecht Ding, awer des Präsentegewe bezahlt net. Un ich hab ah schun oft genotist, daß ah d'r gut Wille zu nix amaunt. Frieher hot mer als gesaht: „Wenig, awer vun Herze," un es war allrecht. Alleweil sen schun die kleene Kinner druf abgericht, daß se grad froge, wieviel ihr Präsent werth is. Wann mer net mehner kriegt, as mer selwert gewe hot, dann verliert mer allemol. Oftmols gebt mer gut Geld aus for dumm Zeig, was gar kee Freid macht. Ich mag die Fäschen angucke, wie ich will, so find ich nix G'scheides dran. Es is gut genug for reiche Leit. Wer awer net mitmache kann, ohne sich weh zu dhun, der besser loßt es bleiwe.

Mit die gute Vorsätz, was mer am Neijohr macht, is es ah grad so en Ding. Wer des ganz alt Johr recht gedhu hot, der braucht sich net zu bessere—er is grad gut genug. Wer awer des ganz Johr d'r Räskel geäfft hot, der werd net lang zu seine gute Resolutschens stecke. Ich kenn en Mann, was am vorige Neijohr des Drinke abgeschwore hot un am dritte Janner war er schun wieder so voll wie en Tick, was iwrigens doch noch en Dag länger war, as wie ich expekt hab. Nee, die gute Vorsätz sen all mitenanner nix werth.

Segt emol, Mischter Drucker, wie viel is eegentlich en Mensch werth, ich meen, wann er Stick for Stick verkahft werre bät. Ich hab kerzlich gelese, daß en reicher Mann, was aus d'r Weschte noch Fildelfi kumme is, eme annere Mann finfdaused Dhaler juscht for en Ohr bezahlt hot. Was bät nau ungefähr en Arm oder en Bee koschte? Net, daß ich so en Stick kahfe will—ich wunner juscht. Finfdaused Dhaler for en Ohr is arg viel Geld, un doch glahb ich net, daß ich eens hergewe bät for sell, iwens wann ich nix drei heere kennt. Wann es so viel werth is for ebber sunscht, dann is es ah so viel werth zu mir, sot ich meene. Wie's nau rauskummt, war sell en Sort vun ere Spekelehschen. D'r Kerl, was sei Ohr verkahft hot for finfdaused Dhaler, mecht nau eens kahfe for eendaused Dhaler. Verleicht kriegt er's ah, un d'r anner Kerl kahft sich dann eens for finfhunnert Dhaler. Es is wunnerbar, uf was for unnerschiedliche Arte die Mensche Geld mache. Ich meen, en Kerl, was sei Ohr verkahft, seller sot nochher, wann er wieder eens hawe will, en richtiges Eselsohr ufgeplanzt kriege. Sell bät schuhr zu ihm passe.

Es scheint, en ganzer Mensch is net so viel werth, wie juscht en Stick, mer welle sege en Arm oder en Bee. Ich hab en Fall geheert, wo en Mann, was beime Riegelweg-Unglick hot en Bee verlore, zehdaused Dhaler Dämetsch kriegt hot. En annere Mann is bei dem sehme Unglick todgemacht worre un die Wittfrah hot juscht finfdaused Dhaler kriegt. Se hot gemeent, sell wär net fähr, awer d'r Dschudsch hot ihr gesaht, se wär noch jung un ah hibsch un wann se nau ah noch finfdaused Dhaler Geld hät, dann kennt se ganz leicht en neier Mann bekumme, was verleicht viel besser wär, wie d'r anner. Des hot dann d'r Frah eigeleicht un se war's zufriede. Wie se ausgemacht hot mit dem neie Mann, weeß ich nau net. Awer enihau, die Welt is ken Strumpfocke. Verleicht hot se gar angekätscht zu dem Mann mit dem eene Bee. Un worum soll se net, wann er sunscht en ganzer Kerl un noch zu hawe war?

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FARMER-LAWYER'S SPEECH.

Makes a Jury Laugh by His Remarks on Courting.

Sanford Freeman, a sixty-five-year-old farmer of Cass county, Mo., being a widower, advertised for a wife. A Mrs. Mason answered it, and they became engaged. Later there was trouble, and she sued for $25,000 for breach of promise, says a Kansas City dispatch.

Freeman had told the woman that he had $2,000 in cash and a farm of 160 acres in Cass county, but in court, where he acted as his own lawyer, he admitted that this was untrue. On the witness stand he said, "The place for women and dogs and cats is at home."

While making his speech to the jury he stood with his overcoat on. He has a grizzled mustache and a "countrified" manner. He delivered himself of this quaint philosophy about women:

"If a woman has money it smooths over all her defects and failures. A woman may have a hip knocked down or two or three splint knots and spavins, but if she's got the money she looks as clean cut as a young colt. When I thought this woman had $15,000 I told her I could come as near loving her to death as any man living, but when I found she had no money she didn't look right to me.

"As for lying to her, I excuse that on the ground that when a man wants to marry he's bound to make things look as favorable as possible. That's natural. All things is fair in courting and hoss trading. People that know me think I'm a pretty tolerable good man."

The jury laughed heartily all through Freeman's speech.

England's New Grape.

A rare and interesting event in viticulture is recorded in a new seedling grape raised by the head gardener to Lord Hastings, says a London cable dispatch to the Chicago Inter Ocean. A cross between the two well known varieties, the Gros Colmar and the Lady Hastings, the new grape is claimed to be superior to either, being more fleshy, larger and a better traveler. Perhaps its greatest advantage, however, is the fact that it attains perfection when the season for other British grapes is ended. The new grape is at its best in the winter months.

The all too common tragedy of the round between the wealthy farmer and the ugly bull at the head of his herd is constantly going on. The Bible says, "Put not your trust in princes," but it is safer to trust a prince than a well mannered bull any time.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. For sale by C. M. Parrish.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
F. Potts Green.

—Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. For sale by C. M Parrish.

—It's mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured, a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug strong, 50 cents.

Ayer's
Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only
Hair Vigor
hair food you can buy. For 60 years it has been doing just what we claim it will do. It will not disappoint you.
"My hair used to be very short. But after using Ayer's Hair Vigor a short time it began to grow, and now it is fourteen inches long. This seems a splendid result to me after being almost without any hair."
MRS. J. H. FIFER, Colorado Springs, Colo.
$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.
for
Short Hair

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root and the address on every bottle, Binghampton, N. Y.

—Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
F Potts Green.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and Whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. For sale by C. M. Parrish.

—All the healing balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia
C. M. Parrish.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by attack of la grippe. It heals the lungs. For sale by C. M. Parrish.

MORPHINE
Opium, Laudanum, Cocaine and all Drug Habits
permanently cured, without pain or detention from business, leaving no craving for drugs or other stimulants. We restore the nervous and physical systems to their natural condition because we remove the causes of disease. A home remedy prepared by an eminent physician.
WE GUARANTEE A CURE FREE TRIAL TREATMENT
Confidential correspondence, especially with physicians, solicited. Write today.
Manhattan Therapeutic Association
Dept. A 1135 Broadway, New York City

Farm For Sale!
The undersigned has a Valuable Farm of about
One Hundred Acres
to offer for sale. It is beautifully located. Easy road to Bellefonte. Land is mostly level.
Buildings in Excellent Condition.
Will be sold on Easy Terms. Would consider part of purchase price in exchange for other property. For further particulars apply to
EARLE C. TUTEN,
Republican Office, Bellefonte Pa

Humor and Philosophy

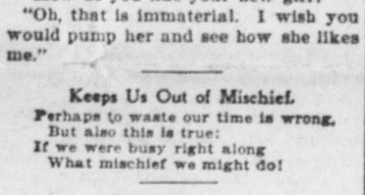
By DUNCAN M. SMITH

Copyright, 1904, by Duncan M. Smith.

ST. VALENTINE.

Valentine, St. Valentine,
Best of saints and quite benign,
When it is your special day
Postmen loaded like a dray
In expectant boxes shove
Tender little notes of love,
Mingled with the story old
"Comics" awful to behold!

Then it is the bashful swain
Sends a note to Mary Jane,
Hoping that the girl will guess
Who it was wrote the address
With the tender note inside
In a sweet blue ribbon tied,
And his heart a short rib knocks
As he drops it in the box.



But the letter man is sore;
To his mind it is a bore.
He cannot see any sense
Going to a big expense
Just to send a loving line
Or a silly valentine
As he trudges down the road
Underneath the mushy load.

'Tis by you, St. Valentine,
Is inspired the loving line,
But the "comics," rude and quaint,
They are by some other saint,
Full of mischief and of gall,
Sent that pride may have a fall.
Valentine, St. Valentine,
Best of saints and quite benign!

Felt the Limitations.

"With all of his wealth old Bullion does not appear to be happy."

"No; he is kicking because he was not born on Jupiter. It would be so much larger to own."

Stuck on Himself.

"How does it happen that a rich young man like Blinks never fell in love?"

"He is too much of an egotist."

Traded Laps.

She was raised in the lap of luxury
On a strictly modern plan,
But when she grew up she preferred to sit
In the lap of a nice young man.

He Had a Guess.

"Did he marry her for her money?"

"Well, I like to be charitable, and still I would hate to think that the young man was not bright."

The Important Thing.

"How do you like your new girl?"

"Oh, that is immaterial. I wish you would pump her and see how she likes me."

Keeps Us Out of Mischief.

Perhaps to waste our time is wrong.
But also this is true:
If we were busy right along
What mischief we might do!

Still In the Dark.

"What would you say if I were to ask you to marry me?"

"You might ask me and find out."

Victories of Peace.

Peace hath its victories no less than war!
If you have never thought of this before,
And should the statement to your mind seem raw,
You'll own it when you get a mother-in-law.

An Insinuation.

"Truth is stranger than fiction."

"That may be, but how do you know?"

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

A preacher is first aid to the injured when Cupid has made the trouble.

Women who attend bargain sales should be equipped with fenders.

When the cat looked at the king it did not show any surprise.

Eggs are so high the hens must be up in a balloon.

When a man is living in clover he is apt to get a bee in his bonnet.

Some pictures seem made to look at; some to break you of the habit.

Water won't run up hill because it isn't built that way.

When the devil wants to be really mean he asks the iceman if it is hot enough for him.

A stitch in Time probably hurts the old fellow the same as it does any one else.

Cast your bread upon the water and the suckers will return for many days.

The worst case of insomnia can be cured by the simple expedient of falling asleep.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS / CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Attention Farmers:
The Bellefonte Republican and the The N. Y. Tribune Farmer for one year for
$1.00

Every Wide-Awake Farmer
Who is interested in the news of Bellefonte and Centre County should subscribe for a good local
Weekly Newspaper
To keep him in touch with the doings of his neighbors, and all items of interest to himself and family.
The Republican
Will admirably supply your wants for county news and prove a welcome visitor in every household.

Every Up-to-Date Farmer
Needs a high-class agricultural weekly to give him the experience of others in all advanced methods and improvements which are invaluable aid in securing the largest possible profit from the farm, and with special matter for every member of the family.
The N. Y. Tribune Farmer
Will post you every week on all important agricultural topics of the day and show you how to make money from the farm.

Any person sending us the money with the order can secure the Bellefonte Republican and the Tribune Farmer one year for $1.00.

CUT THIS OUT---SEND TODAY.

The Bellefonte Republican,
Bellefonte, Pa.,
Gentlemen:—Inclosed you will find $1.00 for which you will please send to the below address the Bellefonte Republican and New York Tribune Farmer for one year:
Send Republican to.....
.....
Send Farmer to.....
.....
Signed.....
NOTE:—The papers may be sent to different addresses if desired.

JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE
IS A HEALTH BRINGER.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

By EARLE C. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

EARLE C. TUTEN.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

CONGRESS.

"Please announce that I am a candidate for Representative in the 29 Congress from the 21st Congressional Dirtrict, subject to the rules of the Republican party."

Very truly yours,

S. R. DRESSER.

HOW MAPS MAKE WAR NEWS PLAIN.

Watch for The North American's Great War Map Next Sunday.

To enable its readers to follow intelligently the momentous events of the Japanese-Russian war, The North American, Philadelphia's newspaper, has gone to extreme pains and unlimited expense in preparing a colored map of the territory involved in the struggle.

Owing to the general lack that prevails of exact knowledge of the topography of the lands bordering upon the war centre, the situation of the towns, harbors, ports and countries which are mentioned daily in the cable dispatches in The North American, it is impracticable for the average person to gain a comprehensive notion of what is progressing in the Far East.

Those who would gladly spend time in supplementing things that are read by them in the papers by researches in atlas or gazetteer often prevented from doing this by lack of facilities.

It is to place within the reach of such a means of watching the movements of the Russian and Japanese fleets and troops step by step as they immerse themselves in the struggle that has only just begun that The North American has prepared this map.

To show its utility it is necessary only to think how few there are that realize the immense expanse of land and water that go to make up the topographical details of the war.

How many know that Russia, planning for decades a war of conquest which has for its object the gobbling of Manchuria and territorial aggressions in other parts of China, has expended nearly $400,000,000 in building the Trans-Siberian Railway from St. Petersburg to the shores of the Japan and the Yellow Seas?

How many know that this road, 6000 miles in length is depended upon by the Czar to enable him to throw any part that may be necessary of his 5,000,000 soldiers into Manchuria and China to crush by force of numbers any nations that might resist him?

How many realize that in order for the Czar to bring his Baltic fleet into the Yellow Sea it will be necessary for the vessels to sail 15,000 miles, skirting Europe, Asia and Africa?

How many can tell off-hand the relative positions of Korea, Japan, Manchuria, China, Port Arthur, Chefoo, Chemulpo or Seoul?

All these points may be settled instantly by reference to The North American's map.

This map will be given free with each copy of next Sunday's North American. It is absolutely the latest map out. It is printed in four colors, and the spelling of the names is verified by comparison with the most recent government reports.

No more valuable gift, either from a standpoint of education or utility, has ever been presented by a newspaper to its readers.

Advance orders for next Sunday's paper already insure that the demand will be immense. To render it certain that you are provided with a copy, your newsman should have your order at once.

Next Schaeffer-Hazel Reunion.

On Saturday the Schaeffer-Hazel executive committee met at the home of ex-sheriff B. F. Schaeffer, at Nittany, to fix date for the next reunion, which will be held on June 15 next, at Hecla Park. The following speakers were fixed upon for the occasion, Prof. C. L. Gramley, Hon. W. C. Heinle, and Frederick Kurtz. The meeting will be called at 10 o'clock a. m. Music, vocal and instrumental, will be provided. It will be a pleasant occasion and largely attended. Four of the five members of the executive committee were present, viz: J. H. Hazel, Mich. Schaeffer, Esq., J. B. Hazel and Jno. H. Hazel.

NO MORE HEART DISEASE.

During the last two or three years very great improvements have been made in the treatment of the different kinds and stages of heart disease. Cases formerly considered incurable now rapidly recover under the new treatment. The well-known specialist, Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B., will send a $3.75 course of his New Special Treatment free to any afflicted reader who will recommend it when cured.

This liberal offer is to demonstrate the great superiority of his new system of treating heart troubles, such as short breath, pain in the side, oppression in the chest, irregular pulse, palpitation, smothering spells, puffing of the ankles or dropsy.

They are the result of twenty-five years of careful study, extensive research, and remarkable success in treating weak, dilated, enlarged, rheumatic, fatty or neuralgic hearts. Each one requires a different treatment.

The treatments are carefully selected for each patient, as regards their age, weight and stage of each kind of heart disease.

The eminent Rev. W. Bell, D. D. of Dayton, Ohio, General Secretary of Foreign Missions, writes editorially in The State Sunday School Union: "We desire to state that from personal acquaintance we know Dr. Miles to be a most skillful specialist, a man who has spared neither labor nor money to keep himself abreast of the great advancement in medical science."

Rev. J. W. Stokesbury, of Fallport, Mo. had head, heart, stomach troubles, and nervous prostration. Three physicians failed to help him. He writes, "I regard myself cured."

A thousand references to, and testimonials from Bishops, Clergymen, Bankers, Farmers and their wives will be sent free on request. These include many who have been cured after from five to fifteen physicians and professors had pronounced them "incurable." Among them are: H. A. Groce, 504 Mountain St., Elgin, Ill.; Mrs. Sophia Snowberg, No. 282 21st Ave., S. Minneapolis, Minn., Mrs. M. B. Colburn, Blessing, Ia.; Mrs. M. B. Morelen, Rogers, Ohio, and the presidents of two medical colleges, etc.

Send to Dr. Franklin Miles, 501 to 511 Main St., Elkhart, Ind., for Heart Book and $3.75 free Treatment.

Huntingdon Presbytery.

A session of the Huntingdon presbytery was held in the Third Presbyterian church at Altoona Thursday afternoon. There were eighteen ministers present, Rev. Mr. Gunter, of Tyrone, being one of the number. Half a dozen elders were also present. The pastoral relation between Rev. Mr. Gardiner and the Reedsville church was dissolved, in order that Mr. Gardiner might accept a call from the Presbyterian church at Bellville, Ill.

Rev. Mr. Carson asked to be dismissed from the pastorate of the Milesburg and Lick Run churches on account of the severe physical labor involved which he found beyond his strength. After Commissioner George Stroop had reported the action of the church acquiescing in the request the presbytery dissolved the relation.

Rev Mr. Mudge presented a certificate of dismissal from the presbytery of Chester, and after the usual examination was received into the presbytery. He will be installed as pastor of the Lewistown church on next Wednesday evening, Rev. Geo. T. Gunter of Tyrone beingalternate for Dr. Laurie who is assigned to deliver the charge to the people.

The twenty years pastoral relation between Rev. E. H. Mateer and the McVeytown church was dissolved Mr. Mateer goes to Darltown, N. J. Expression of much regret was given by Mr. Mateer and a number of the other preachers at the severing of the pleasant relations that have so long exsisted, and a committee consisting of Rev. John W. Bain, Rev. J. C. Kelly, Rev. James E. Irvine, was appointed to draw up a minute expressing presbytery's sense of loss in the departure of Rev. E. H. Mateer.

—A bad break-up in shoe prices. Get your share of the bargains—Mingles great clearance sale.

Hair Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Tooth Brushes Nail Brushes.

If Japan and Russia join in war you will pay a good deal more money for your brushes than you do now. All our best bristles come from Russia. The low priced labor in Japan has kept the price of brushes down. Now is the time to buy even if you don't exactly need them.

You will find our stock complete and we will take pleasure in waiting upon you at

Green's Pharmacy,
BUSH HOUSE BLOCK. Bellefonte, Pa

COLONEL MONROE

The Lincolnville Statesman Discusses the Unprecedented Increase In Immigration and Its Pressing Problems

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS

Copyright, 1903, by Frederick Upham Adams

"LISTEN to this," said Judge Sawyer, looking up from his paper and adjusting his glasses. "Here is something which should cause every thoughtful American to pause and think." And the judge read the following:

"Nearly 1,000,000 of the inhabitants of foreign countries were added to the population of the United States last year. The exact number of arriving aliens was 921,315, an increase of practically 200,000 over the previous year and the largest number which has arrived in this country in any one year in its history. Of this number 631,885 landed in New York city, and only 6,446 were debarred. When an analysis is made of this vast flood of humanity the result is startling. The countries of southern Europe are being depopulated of their lowest class of population, and the United States is being deluged with a horde of Italian push-cart shovers and organ grinders, with an army of ignorant, unskilled and degrading humanity from Austria-Hungary and with a band equally large and undesirable from the Russian empire."

"Well, what of it?" demanded Colonel Monroe calmly. "This is a free country to all but Chinese, who are barred, I suppose, because they have fifty or more centuries of civilization behind them. We started out to run a kindergarten in the study and science of government, and the more that attend the merrier. After we have assimilated all of the paupers and criminals of Europe we will take on those of Africa and Asia. I shall not be here when that happy time arrives, and I cannot say that I am sorry."

"I assume from what you say that you are opposed to the present system of unrestricted immigration," remarked Judge Sawyer.

"I am," was the decided response.

"So am I," declared the judge.

"Me, too," added Postmaster Jenkins. "If I had my way about it there would never be another foreigner landed in the United States. That's the kind of an American I am. America for Americans is my motto."

"That is pure bigotry, and I have not the slightest sympathy with any such policy," asserted Colonel Monroe, who stands in little fear of hurting the postmaster's feelings. "The mere fact that a man is born out of the United States neither makes him desirable nor undesirable as a citizen. The greatest scoundrels I ever knew had American names and ancestry. All this is trite and has nothing to do with the fact that in the past twelve months nearly a million persons of foreign birth landed in this country and with the more important fact that an overwhelming majority of this vast number do not understand our language, customs, laws or institutions."

"But what can be done about it?" asked Judge Sawyer. "How are we to erect the bars against this stampede of immigration without stultifying our claim that this is the refuge for the oppressed of all nations and a land of equal opportunity?"

"We have made no such claim," declared Colonel Monroe. "No such absurd doctrine is enunciated in our constitution or formulated into law. I will admit that there is a popular belief to that effect, a belief instilled in the minds of the young by ignorant schoolteachers and repeated from time to time by boastful orators and vote seeking politicians. Every nation has the sovereign right to prescribe, limit or regulate its membership or citizenship. We have asserted that right in barring the Chinese. The head of a family may say who shall be admitted to it. As a citizen of a well regulated town or city he has certain legal and recognized rights as to who shall be his neighbors. A county or community is debarred from unloading its pauper or criminal classes on another county or city. If a citizen has a child who is deformed physically or lacking mentally he must, if able, care for such an unfortunate. His first duty is to those of his own flesh and blood. When he passes away he wills to them the savings of his lifetime. In a larger sense the government has the same duty and responsibility. The citizen has a right to expect from the government the performance of two duties—first, an opportunity to earn by labor, mental or physical, an honest living, and, second, the protection of all property thus secured. When a government opens its gates to the class which has been swarming in for the last ten years it menaces the prosperity of workers and the security of property."

"There seems to be no difference of opinion among intelligent men regardless of parties on this question," said Judge Sawyer. "There can be no reasonable doubt that if the issue were put to a vote the American people would speedily regulate immigration. You served two terms in congress, colonel. What is the reason that an effective bill to this effect is not introduced and passed?"

"Because congress was and yet is dominated by corporation influences and because corporations seek to secure a lower wage scale by means of unrestricted immigration," was the prompt response. "Years ago some one coined the phrase, 'Corporations have no souls.' That should be amended by striking out 'souls' and inserting 'sense.' Every man who has brains enough to reason the most primitive of things from cause to effect is aware of the fact that the prosperity of this country above that of others is due to the fact of its proportionally higher wage scale. It is an axiomatic fact that the more the actual producers receive in the form of wages the more they will be able to buy. It is useless to manufacture things unless you can sell them. The worker is the principal consumer, and unless he can buy back with his wages the greater part of that which he produces he works himself out of a job. And when he is out of work because he has created more than his wages will allow him to consume the fool employer who ground down his wages goes into bankruptcy.

"If there were no wages there would be no workingmen, and there would consequently be no market for the thousands of things now used by workingmen. The higher the wages the more there will be consumed and consequently produced. No nation in any time ever drifted to disaster, temporary or permanent, because of a high scale of wages. These are the elementary principles of rational political economy. To ignore them is to invite certain disaster. And yet notwithstanding that this has been demonstrated theoretically and practically and is as well established as the law of gravitation the average employer, whether corporation or individual, aims to amass wealth by reducing wages to the minimum, and their favorite expedient is to encourage, silently or openly, the immigration of millions of men, women and children who are willing to exchange the semibarbarism of southern Europe for a fraction of the wages which the standard of living of American workingmen has fixed as a reasonable stipend. Who else has any interest in persuading or even permitting these serfs to land on our shores?"

"There are some who argue for the absolute freedom of the individual to go where he likes," said Judge Sawyer thoughtfully. "I should like to agree with them, since it is a beautiful theory, but I fear the time has not arrived when it can be put into practice. These same men are usually great sticklers for the rights of property. So am I, but it seems to me that a citizen of a country, especially if he or his ancestors have fought for its liberties or in its defense, has as much right to limit the use of his country as a capitalist has to govern the use of his money. It might be different were our socialist friends in power all over the habitable globe, but so long as competition is still the governing power—at least among wageworkers—the man or woman who works justly looks upon the immigrant as an enemy. It certainly does not seem fair that the American manufacturer should turn to congress for legislation which effectually prevents foreign made goods from entering into competition with his and then denies to the men who work for him the passage of a bill which would guard against the absolute degradation of American labor.

"You show me a man who is bitterly opposed to the organization of labor and I will point him out to you as a man who is also opposed to any restriction of immigration," challenged Colonel Monroe. "He justifies his position in both instances with high sounding platitudes about freedom of individuals and of contracts, but in nine cases out of ten he imagines that his interests will be better served by the lowering of wages which would follow the disruption of labor unions and also by the continuation of an immigration policy which renders a surfeit of labor inevitable sooner or later. He is the friend of all men on earth save those who are in his employ. He is in a furor of indignation about our treatment of the brown men in the Philippines and angry because the governor of his state hesitates to call out the militia to overawe strikers and to encourage those who envy their places. His love for the colored man of the south is touching, but he will not sit next to one in a street car nor vote for one in a convention. He is frozen with horror when he reads of the massacre of Jews in Russia and complacent when he learns that 40,000 Jewish workingmen in New York have been reduced to subjection after hundreds of their children have died of starvation or from privations. Despite these and other contradictory whims this gentleman, with others of his class, has little difficulty in molding a pretense of public opinion and in absolutely shaping legislation to their will."

To Dig For It.

That money's evil's root is true,
And yet I am afraid
That if we knew where evil grew
We'd go there with a spade.

AUNT ELIZABETH, MATCHMAKER

By T. BLAIR EATON

Copyright, 1903, by T. C. McClure

The orchestra leader waved his baton energetically, as if summoning his drooping charges to spurt in the last quarter; then, with a final roar, in which drums and cymbals strove to outdo each other, the waltz came to an end, while the perspiring musicians mopped their faces and cursed in guttural German these Wednesday night hops.

Mr. William Fosdeck stepped through the low window on to the veranda with a sigh of relief and a sense of duty done. He had danced with each one of the three giggling Maxson girls and now felt assured he richly merited a cigarette and a few moments' quiet on the broad, moonlit veranda, where the tinkle of the surf on the rocks below was a grateful contrast to the noise and whirl of the palm bowered, stifling room he had just left.

As he turned the corner to claim his favorite nook some one called, "Oh, good evening, Mr. Fosdeck!"

He turned and beheld Gertrude Martin and her aunt in the shadow of the ivy vine. It was Aunt Elizabeth who had hailed him.

"Ah, not dancing, I see," said Fosdeck, throwing away the newly lighted cigarette—with what inward thoughts may be imagined—and taking the vacant chair by Miss Martin.

"No," said the girl; "it's so delightful here."

"A trifle chilly, though, Gertrude, dear," her aunt said. "If you'll both excuse me for a moment I think I'll get a wrap."

"Shan't I get it for you, Mrs. Curtis?" said Fosdeck.

"Oh, thank you, no," Aunt Elizabeth returned. "I really don't know where mine is, and I anticipate quite a hunt before I finally run it to earth."

As Aunt Elizabeth disappeared around the corner the girl sighed resignedly.

"Oh, dear," she said, "it's too absurd. She invariably stampedes within three minutes after you appear, and her motive is so horribly obvious."

Fosdeck laughed. "Her methods are a trifle open," he observed.

"But I feel very different now we understand each other," the girl went on. "It was awfully embarrassing at first, especially that time she managed to miss the coach down from the village and left us to ride back together."

HE SAW SOME ONE FLUTTERING A HANDKERCHIEF FROM THE PIER.

"Yes," Fosdeck laughed; "you were a perfect little fury sitting there opposite me. Really you made me feel it was I, not Aunt Elizabeth, who had engineered the whole affair."

"I wanted you to hate me," she said.

"Last winter," he said slowly, "when your Aunt Elizabeth was preaching you to me all the time, I decided if I ever met you to dislike you very much."

"I'm glad, after all, it hasn't made us enemies," she said.

"So am I," he asserted, with a fervor that made her glance up at him quickly. "Poor Aunt Elizabeth!" he went on. "I fancy she doesn't dream her plans have merely succeeded in setting us conspiring to defeat her schemes. I'm almost sorry for her."

"She's so terribly in earnest about it," said the girl. "Every time she makes those idiotic excuses and leaves us I think I'll speak my mind plainly to her. Then I go upstairs simply boiling, and she meets me with such a bless-you-my-child-didn't-I-fix-it-beautifully sort of air that I haven't the heart to say a word. Now," she said, rising, "I shall leave you, for you want to be alone and finish your smoke."

"Really, Miss Martin"— he began.

"Now, don't spoil it all by saying things which are generally expected at such a time," she said. "I like you best when you're perfectly frank."

"I wish you wouldn't go," he persisted.

"I want a promise from you before I leave," she said. "Don't go down in your catboat tomorrow to the picnic on Poplar island with the fleet, will you?"

"Why?" he asked.

"It's high time we were taking the field against Aunt Elizabeth. She counted on our sailing down with you. I told her you weren't going."

"And you're going back day after tomorrow," he said, almost reproachfully.

"You must back my word," she said.

"If it amounts to that, I won't go," he answered.

"Thanks. Good night," she called, and was gone.

Fosdeck strode down the walk toward the water. He was thinking of the girl as she stood there on the veranda, the moonlight on her copper colored hair and her dark eyes looking frankly into his own. Halfway down to the water he stopped suddenly and dug his toe viciously into the gravel.

"Oh, hang Aunt Elizabeth!" he growled.

Fosdeck watched the fleet depart for the island next morning, with them Miss Martin and her aunt. He spent a miserable day wandering about the woods behind the hotel. Late in the afternoon he took the catboat and sailed down past the island, where he saw the fleet anchored, and caught a glimpse of the merry picnic party on the shore. Then he sailed southward, and not until he saw the fleet start for home did he turn about to come back.

As he neared Poplar island he saw some one fluttering a handkerchief from the pier. He ran ashore to find Aunt Elizabeth and Miss Martin on the pierhead.

"This is rare good fortune," Aunt Elizabeth said ingenuously as they came aboard. Presently she found an excuse to go below.

"Oh, what made you sail down past here?" said the girl when they were alone. "Aunt Elizabeth recognized the boat by the queer pennant you fly. Of course then she contrived to have us left behind when the fleet sailed back and signaled you when you came along."

"Poor soul, I wanted to give her one more chance!" he returned.

"Let's go outside going back," she suggested. "It'll be rough out there in this wind."

"Your aunt"— he began doubtfully.

"It's what she deserves," she said grimly.

They went outside the chain of islands into a strong breeze and rough water. Salt spray flew over the bow in bucketfuls as they sped along. Miss Martin sat on the edge of the cockpit, her hair in fine disarray in the wind and her eyes shining.

"Isn't this glorious?" she said. "I'm almost grateful to Aunt Elizabeth for once."

One little hand grasped the rail near the wheel. Fosdeck watched it hungrily and suddenly decided the wheel needed but one of his own brown hands. The other closed over the little hand on the rail. She looked up in surprise, but made no attempt to withdraw it.

"If Aunt Elizabeth hadn't preached you to me on all conceivable occasions I'd propose," he said, his voice husky with emotion.

"If Aunt Elizabeth hadn't thrown me at your head I'd accept you," she returned.

"Let's call Aunt Elizabeth nil," he cried.

"Let's," she replied very softly.

His free arm drew her gently from the rail and close beside him, and at that moment some one came up through the companionway. Aunt Elizabeth stood before them clutching the little brass rail, very white and shaky, but even in that moment of physical anguish she beamed upon them triumphantly, as one who has fought a good fight.

"Ah, I knew it from the very first," she said weakly.

A Trip to Yellowstone Park.

Visitor to the World's Fair may obtain an accurate knowledge of the beautiful Yellowstone Park and will enjoy it almost as much as they would a trip through the wonderful government reservation. The complete circuit of the park, including numerous side trips, will be shown by means of movable pieces of canvas, stereopticons and other devices. A lecturer will explain the scenes.

Reduction Sale?

In Order to make room for Spring stock of Harness we will close out at a Bargain **over 100 Robes and Blankets.**

Come early if you want something fine at a low price

James Schofield,
South Spring St.,
Bellefonte,

WANTED—FAITHFUL PERSON TO CALL ON retail trade and agents for manufacturing house having well established business; local territory; straight salary $18 paid weekly and expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; position permanent; business successful. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Superintendent Travelers, 605 Monon Building, Chicago.

Rep-8-t, Vol. 28 No. 45.

CORRESPONDENCE

MILLHEIM.

Henry Brown transacted business in Mifflinburg Wednesday.

Mrs. George E. Mensch is suffering with an attack of rheumatism.

Messrs A. R. Ranch and G. E. Auman were business visitors to Beavertown, last week.

The missionary entertainment in the Reformed church Sunday evening was a grand success.

Messrs. John Meyers and Samuel Weaver returned Wednesday from a trip to Boalsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Buck of Berwick, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Zerby.

Simon R. King the genial proprietor of the Musser House is confined to his bed suffering with a very bad cold.

The large walnut tree that stood on the lot in the rear of the Methodist church on Main street, was cut down recently. Thus another old land mark has disappeared.

Messrs. R. F. Barnes, J. S. Holwager and J, L. Bitting representing the Willow Lake Nursery and Orchard Company of Troy, are canvassing this section of the county, The nursery which they represent has 1200 acres of land under cultivation.

A runaway horse drawing a light cutter caused some excitement on Main Street Tuesday of this week. The horse came from the direction of Aaronsburg and dashed through east Main Street at full speed. In trying to make the turn into Penn Street the sleigh collided with the telephone pole of the commercial exchange and was torn loose from the horse. After running as far as the residence of J. H. B. Hartman and causing some damage to the porch on the residence, the horse was caught. It proved to be the property of Mr. Zach Thomas of Aaronsburg.

CENTRE HALL.

Messrs Charles Weaver and Frank Decker drove several head of fine cattle through this place last week, on their way to Bellefonte.

Prof. J. A. Young will open a Normal and Preparatory school here this spring.

The Manor Hill school is closed, owing to the prevalence of scarlet fever in that district.

Miss Alda Sankey of Lewistown is visiting friends in town.

F. E. Arney is suffering much pain from a burn on the eye ball which he received some time ago while assisting to cast in the Centre Hall foundry.

Mr. and Mrs. John Breon, who reside near this place are having a serious time, their home being scourged with scarlet fever. The first to fall prey to the disease was a son and daughter, but by careful nursing they are getting well. Harry, a thirteen year-old son became ill with the disease Wednesday Feb. 3rd and died the following Saturday morning at 2:30 o'clock. The young man never was robust as the rest of the family, and when the disease took hold on him his earthly career was soon ended. He was a very pleasant young man and will be greatly missed both in his home and among his schoolmates.

William Keller, son of James A. Keller, who has been very ill for the past week with pneumonia, is slowly improving. Mr. Keller is the mail carrier over the free delivery route from Centre Hall.

J. Will Conley of Bellefonte was a business visitor in town Wednesday.

Miss Bertha Wolf is visiting friends in Rebersburg.

The regular meeting of Progress Grange was held Saturday afternoon.

PINE GROVE MILLS.

Mrs. Henry Dale is suffering with bronchial trouble.

Mabel the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ward, who has been suffering with a fractured shoulder is getting along nicely.

Miss Ada Koch has gone to Bellefonte where she will make her home for the present.

Chester McCormick who has been confined to his home for the past week, with an attack of Lagrippe is able to be about again.

A. L. Miller has found employment with the Electric Light Company at Altoona.

Capt. W. H. Fry was a business visitor at Baileyville Wednesday.

A corps of Wabash engineers have gone over the road again. The first line crosses the public road below town at the James Krape building, The latter line crosses at the bridge east of the building over to the mountain via Boalsburg, Potter Mills and Spring Mills to Coburn.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Krebs, Miss Fortney and Mr. John Fry visited friends at Shingletown.

A merry party of young folks visited the home of Miss Katherine Bowersox of Baileyville Wednesday evening. All report having had a good time.

PENNSYLVANIA FURNACE.

Miss Anna Ward broke her collar-bone, the result of an accident.

Prayer meeting was held at the home of W. E. McWilliams Wednesday.

I. W. Wert and wife visited at the home of the latter's parents during last week.

Mr. Guy Hilliard is seriously ill at this writing.

Mr. B. F. Davis transacted business in Tyrone Tuesday of last week.

Miss Nancy Heberling visited Mrs. L. Houser Tuesday.

REBERSBURG.

Levi Wance is employed as fireman at William Douty's saw-mill.

Frank Waite is engaged in repairing furniture for Jerome Meyer.

Mrs. Alice Duck spent several days last week with friends in Millheim.

Thomas Wolf of Flat Rock, Ohio is a guest at the home of his sister Mrs. Miller.

Howard Miller entertained for several days last week, his brother James Miller of Illinois.

Messrs. Jack Ocker and Calvin Crouse are busy converting the apple trees into logs on the farm of A. W. Ranch.

William Haines intends opening a meat market here this coming summer He is now busy engaged in erecting a large ice house.

The farmer's institute held here Feb. 5th and 6th was a grand success. It opened Friday morning at 10 o'clock with prayer by Rev. Smith. In the absence of Rev. F. Wetzel, who was to deliver the address of welcome, Prof. C. L. Gramley was called upon who in a very able manner greeted the visitors and welcomed them to Rebersburg. He was responded to by Prof Watts. After a few short addresses and other preliminary work the institute program was taken up.

OLIVIA.

George Spitler spent Wednesday night at the home of Mrs. Decker at Dix Station.

Milton Henderson, of near Fowler, made a business trip to this place on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Pawley, of the Diamond, spent Sunday of last week with friends at Port Matilda.

Mrs. D. R. White spent Wednesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Scott Sessaman, near Vail.

Geraldine and Hannah Woomer, of Cherry avenue, spent Sunday and Monday with friends at Tyrone.

Maurice L. Balling of Butler, Pa., is a guest at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Balling.

Mrs. Thomas Balling spent Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Huffman, at Smoke Run.

Porter Woomer, of McKean County, spent Wednesday night at the home of his sister, Mrs David Garland.

Miss Hannah Walislagle left on Wednesday to spent several days at the home of Scott Sessaman on Oak street, near Vail.

Mrs. Scott Johnson, of the East End, left on Thursday for Lemont, where she will visit at the home of her brother, Samuel Woomer, for a few days.

SMULTON ITEMS.

Miss May Wolf has been home over Sunday.

Valentine day seemed to be a glorious old time to the senders thereof, but a sad affair to the receivers of some.

Irvin T. Greninger is spending several weeks at his native home.

Nevin Fiedler spent several hours in our town on Sunday.

Bernice Crouse is on the sick list at present.

Mrs. Gertrude Stover was welcomed to a surprise party last Friday evening on her twenty-seventh birthday. She being heartily invited to a carpet rag party at Mrs. Perry Winters, went trying to lend a helping hand, and after about an hour and a half sewing, was called home to entertain her mother the remainder of the evening. On entering, the room, being pretty well filled, (surprise) was yelled. She received quite a number of presents, which were received with thanks. Ice cream and cake were served at different times during the evening, and different games were played, thus all seemed to enjoy themselves until one o'clock.

Mr. Chas, Geary, from Tusseyville, has spent several days in town. Miss Margaret gladly received him, feeling very sad when he left.

Mrs. D. Blanche Smull arrived home last week.

Mr. Ammon Strayer went to Sugarvalley, where he papering a church.

MILESBURG.

Mrs. Charles Allen left for McKeesport where she will make her future home.

A sleighing party consisting of Bellefonte and Hastings young ladies with young men of Milesburg were entertained at the home of Eli Erhart on Friday evening, the 5th inst three of the young men so said were short of cash to help pay for their ride, consequently walked home thereby letting the remaining young men pay the piper, we will with-hold their names for the present.

Harry Bronoel, who has served three years with the 15th Regiment in the Philippines, stopped off here to visit his grand-parents, Joseph Folmer and wife. His regiment arrived in San Francisco recently was taken to Vermont where they were mustered out of service. His home is in Piano, Ill.

A sled load of married women left for the residence of Mrs. Wm. Shawley on March Creek recently everything was delightful until time of departure arrived. They started in full glee for home. Mr. Shawley and wife insisted that they should stay all night and take daylight for their morning ride. Oh no, that would not meet their case and they finally started and landed in a snow drift. The sled refused to carry the load through the bank of snow. All but one, left the sled to wade the snow to the top of Divide, the one in the sled was an elderly woman with more clothing on than she could waddle with. The driver Ed. Peters did all he could to get his load home again—4 o'clock found them safely at home. Two single ladies were with them. Snow 3 or 4ft deep.

UNIONVILLE.

Friends Quarterly meetings were held here over Sunday. Quite a number of visitors from a distance attended. Thomas Kester of Grampian was one of the speakers present.

There were two sled loads of folks from here had a very pleasant time at the home of Krider Mattern above Julian on Friday night. They took their suppers along and were also treated to ice cream and apples by their hostess. On their way one of the sleds was upset over a bank, but its occupants were fortunate in sustaining but slight injuries.

Mrs. Sophia Stover is quite ill her daughter, Mrs. Fall Stover of Bellefonte spends a great deal of time with her.

William Iddings one of our aged citizens is quite ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Jesse Irvin at Dix Run.

There are several persons on the sick list at present, Grippe seems to be the prevailing ailment.

E. M. Griest is home packing his goods, and will move to Philipsburg this week, sooner than was anticipated.

J. L. Rich was a visitor among old friends over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Way of Half Moon attended Friends quarterly meeting here over Sunday. Mrs. Way is a daughter of the late Wm. P. Fisher and was a visitor at her old home.

Ellsworth Bing is a Pittsburg visitor.

The carpenters, masons and trackmen employed by the railroad company are taking a little rest at present as they are only allowed twenty days this month, a number of masons and carpenters have their residence here, with headquarters at Tyrone.

We understand Martin Fleck will take charge of the township home in the Spring Edward Smith retiring.

RUNVILLE BUDGET.

Hello! Snow Shoe how is Chauncy as we have been out visiting the city and all the scribe heard was prescribing Mellins Food and we did'nt know what kind of food but by all appearance it was Mush Mellon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Crock and little daughter Bertha of Butts Station visited bear over Sunday.

Miss Elizabeth Walker of Bellefonte has returned home for a few weeks.

Mr. Harry Irwin and mother visited a few days at Pleasant Gap last week.

Misses Adaline and Blanche Smoyer has returned home after spending a pleasant week with friends here.

Mrs. Friel is visiting her sister of Mt. Eagle Mrs. Steward of Munson accompanied her.

Eve. Lucas of Altoona spent Sunday at this place.

Mr. Claude Poorman Sundayed with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Lucas and little daughter Eunice of Butts Station Sundayed at their parental home.

Mrs. Annie Lucas and Miss Myrtle Friel transacted business in Bellefonte last Saturday.

SNOW SHOE.

"What makes the rear-rank breathe so 'ard?"
said Files-on—Parade,
"Its bitter cold. Its bitter cold."
the color Sergeant said.

Kipling.

Election day is over!

We beg to file a correction of one of last week's items. Owing to a misspoint we suppose, it said that H. W. Faus was the prospective "captain" of the Hot Air Club. This created quite a stir in the circle for it is generally understood that few would dare to dispute the claim of Kech (Augustus) to that office. It is to be chaplain that Faus aspires.

Paul and Chauncey are now regular attendants of Friday night prayer meeting in the Advent church which is a very praiseworthy thing for them to do provided their motives are the best—and we would not think of suggesting that they were not.

"Dandy" suggested to us the other day that if we had not as yet secured anybody to "twirl the pill" for the Hot Air team the coming season, that while he was "not fishing for the job," at the same time he "would of course-do-anything-er-possible to-help out." That is of course if we thought him "to-be-er-capable- of-filling-the position," while we want to show Mr. Gilliland all the courtesies that we think are due one of his standing in the Club, yet it would not be wise to grant this request-surely not so long as Confer is with us! He (Confer) established a record last year and we must not set him aside for a young upstart whom we have not yet tried.

There was quite a nice little "blow-out" at "wid" O'Brien's last Thursday night. The "feed," which consisted of oysters-stewed and fried-was not an insignificant part of the good things in store for the guests; notable among whom were His Majesty King Cole with his three fiddlers (Sammy, Artie and Marty), Mrs. Spratt, Little Bo Peep, Topsy, and the Governess who left her little charge at home with his mother.

The excitement was intense here for about two hours on Monday afternoon until the culprit who took a bag of money out of the vault of J. A. Kelley & Co., at their grocery establishment on Olive street opposite the Public Square was caught. Business men who after having detailed a position of their most trusted employes to guard their treasure boxes, could be seen pacing the streets to and fro with anxious faces and it was said there was some talk of placing the town under martial law Everybody breathed easier, however, when late in the afternoon the outlaw was apprehended and the money was all recovered. The bag proved to contain between 8 and 9 dollars in cash! This experience goes to show that the only safe way to keep large sums of money is in burglar-proof vaults.

It is with much sorrow that we report the dismissal of Herbert W. Faus, pay-roll and manifest clerk of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., which now seems assured in spite of all the efforts of the Hot Air Club (of which he was an energetic member) to have him retained in the service of the company. We give a brief statement of the case: It seems last month one night when the thermometer was 30 degrees below zero, shortly before leaving the office he placed a bucket of kindling wood against or near the furnace pipe in the hall back of the office, to dry. Jack Hayes had an unusually high pressure on the furnace that night and it is supposed that the wood became ignited from the pipe—at any rate about 1:30 a. m. Mr. Fortney, whose room is directly above, detected that the atmosphere was becoming permeated with smoke other than the tobacco variety. Hastily collecting his personal assets he tied them up in a towel and then after having deposited them in the safe in the hotel office, he hastened to seek out the source of the smoke. He soon found the fire to be in the hall mentioned above. Some little time was lost in securing the key, so that when he gained access to the hall the flames were mounting up to the ceiling. It was Mr. Fortney's remarkable presence of mind at this crisis that saved the day. He did the best thing possible under the circumstances, which was to attempt to put out the fire, as everybody who gives the matter proper thought will conclude. By this time the majority of the occupants of the hall above were thoroughly awake and the scene beggared all description. The feminine residents after hysterically bidding themselves farewell before the mirror would sally forth, bedroom-slipperless, into the hallway and rush back and forth in vain search for a fire escape. Very little better behaved were the gentlemen on this hall. We shall call attention to the movements of one only-Martin Leichtnuwalter (?) by name. He was aroused later than most of his neighbors, so had not—or at least imagined he had not—sufficient time to don all the raiment recommended by good taste and general use, accordingly without having made any radical change in his wearing apparel he made a bolt for the door—no, he is not a locksmith—and was able to escape via the stairway. Going out on the porch he heard Mr. Fortney's cries for help. He went to his assistance and found him using snow on the flames with great success. Martin did not stop long but beat a hasty retreat after telling Fortney he was going back for his hose—not for a fire—hose as Fortney supposed until he turned and saw his (Martin's) bare feet twinkle across the ice-covered porch as he fled after the much needed foot covering. Well, the fire was put out before it gained much headway and, remarkable as it may seem, no lives were lost. Nevertheless somebody must be punished for creating all this trouble and our comrade Faus was undoubtedly entirely to blame for the conflagration. March 1st, is the date set by Mr Snyder, the Supt, of the company, when he will be relieved of his duties. We do not know whether his successor has been decided upon yet or not; but it will surely not be difficult to secure a competent person as Herbert was a mere street waif when he was picked up and given a start by Mr. Marsteller, the former Sup't. Faus is in utter dispair and he says he does not know what he will do as he has not been able to lay anything by for a rainy day out of his meagre salary. What say you, fellows! Shall we leave him starve? Surely not! Then all patrons of Hot Air who want to contribute anything to his support please leave it in care of W. A. Sickel at headquarters, and in the meantime be on the lookout for work for him. Bring cash, cast-off clothing—if not to much worn, and provender of any or all kinds.

PORT MATILDA.

We are having another medicine show in our town for a week or ten days.

Mr. Wm. Gates drove to the P. R. R. Depot last week in turning around one of the shafts broke frightening the horse which caused it to run away doing considerable damage to the harness and sleigh.

This long cold winter just suits Chaney & Thompson as their timber is a good ways to haul and they are surely sledding in some fine logs to their mill.

Mrs. A. S. Williams who had an operation performed in the Bellefonte Hospital is back in her bed again. She is a very hard working woman and she went to work to soon.

Mr. H. F. Chaney who has been away from home for a few days has returned again.

Mr. James Pratt from Unionville preached a very good sermon in the Baptist church Sunday in Rev. Lathrope's place.

There has been quite a good many sled loads attending the big revival meeting held by Rev. Free up at the Mount Pleasant Church.

Miss Agatha Reese is at home for a few days visiting her grand parents. She is a clerk in one of the stores in Altoona.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Estate of John W. Zettle, dec'd. Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims, to present the same without delay to the undersigned,

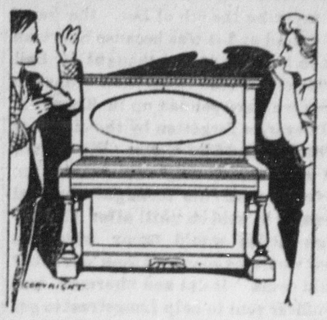
JAS. A. B. MILLER,
Administrator
Bellefonte, Pa.

Rep-6-t.

WANTED—An enterprising farmer in this section to canvass during the late fall and winter among the farmers in his vicinity. Must be active, capable and honest. Work will prove profitable to a good man and can be made a source of regular and easily earned income each year. To it may be devoted as much or as little time as may be desired. If interested write at once to T. M. G., Box 74, Albany, N. Y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of W. H. Masden, late of Howard Township, deceased. The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre County to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of John A. Woodward, Administrator, and to make distribution to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on Monday March 7th, 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the law office of Blanchard & Blanchard. No. 19 West High street, Bellefonte, Pa., when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims before the Auditor or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

EDMUND BLANCHARD,
Auditor. R-6-t.



You Are Only Half Existing If you Have

Not got a Piano in your home. What is home without music.

OUR Line of STANDARD Made Pianos Consists of the Following:

Knabe, Hobart M. Gable, Schomacker, Blassius, Bruntbach, Estey &c.

A piano with a soul in it—that may be said of the Pianos we offer. It is this quality that makes a piano appeal to any pianoist and vocalist.

Any type of Piano means much to a family, and the purchase of one is never regretted. The only regret possible is when an inferior instrument is bought. As the ear is developed the slightest imperfections begin to jar. Then when a reputable piano is heard, dissatisfaction ensues with one of less depth and high quality. We sell Pianos direct from factory to home.

Remember is is not how much on one, but it is how many sales we can make which enables us to sell as high grade pianos at so low a cost.

Pianos Are on The Move

and consequently our display from week to week consists of the NEWEST TYPES OF PIANOS from the leading manufacturers.

We invite comparison of goods, and we pledge to furnish you with the Piano or Organ of your choice at as low a cost as can be procured elsewhere. We continue to have bargains in Organs,—Piano cased, Cottage styles, Chapel, &c.

We have a large line of organs taken in exchange on pianos good as new, at specially low prices.

All standard sewing machines, all styles and designs, at low prices and terms to suit. Sheet music, and musical mdse.

Phone or Address.

M. C. GEPHART,

29 S. Allegheny St., BELLEFONTE, PA.

Accident and Health Insurance!

The small premium and liberal benefits of the Employers Liability Insurance Corporation of London, England, cannot be excelled

Frederick K. Foster

EAGLE BLOCK,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Putting Money Into Good Fuel

is spending money to good advantage, getting the best quality of coal at a nominal price. One may be justly proud of the success of a hobby and our hobby is to keep the

BEST COAL

that can be found on the market. Particular attention is given to all orders sent in, weight and quality carefully looked after. Best Stove Wood and Kindling Wood.

McCalmont & Co.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE Bellefonte Republican

$1 a Year

HISTORIC BATTLEFIELDS

(Continued from first page.)

use for shipment, more than five thousand bushels of them ready for shipment on one or the other of the boats. They are sent to all parts of the country. The price is said to be low just now. It is interesting the way they raiseed and harvested and may I have a word on that subject. The soil is lose and men and women and children who gather them go along and pulling them out of the ground place them in stacks under which old rails are placed to prevent them from getting wet and that they may dry the more easily. Then running a stick or p le down to the bottom tie the vines to the pole and make what looks like a small hay stack about five feet high. When time comes to pull them, which is done mostly by colored women and children, they go along and tear down as they want to shell them very much as corn shocks are taken down in this country and then all are shelled out or picked they are again tied up and hauled to the stable or barn for fodder for cattle. Everything about them is utilized. It is an interesting process through which the much used peanuts, or called by the Georgians and South Carolinians "Goober peas." When serving in South Carolina in the war I saw many acres of them and many thousand bushels.

We stopped for dinner at the Marshall House, Nashville as we had but two hours at Nashville and that by courtesy of the gentleman from Chattanooga who had charge of our special we hae to eat a hasty dinner and the most unsatisfactory one of our trtp. The slowness of the waters and the many things they wished to give us and so long bringing them on that the time running fast away we were obliged to forego many of them as the party wished to take a trolley ride about Nashville, which we did and then returned to the station, and resumed our journey toward Chattanooga. We could not visit the battlefield of Nashville where the grand old "Pap" Thomas (as he was lovingly called by our men,) gave Hood of the rebel army more than he wanted and utterly routed and destroyed his army it was never and of any use there after. We passed over the historic field of Stone river of Murfreesboro (as it is sometimes called) but could not stop. It is only a few miles from Nashville. We saw the beautiful cemetery from the cars, also some of the monuments, but that was all It resmed like Shiloh, quite level, but no timber like it at Shiloh. We arrived without incident at Chattanooga at 7:30 p. m., having to wait for the regular train, 10:35. We had plenty of time to take a most excellent supper at the Read house and as we had plenty time every one enjoyed it. The Read House was during the war the Critchfield House and on it was raised the first flag by the 92nd Illinois of the mounted infantry, and the city taken possession of in the month of Sept, 1863, beginning operations in and about there which culminated in a grand victory following the rather dismal disaster at Chicamauga.

We left Chattanooga almost on time, soon after leaving there I bade the rest of my fellew travellers good by as I intended stopping off at Knoxville which is 111 miles from Chattanoogo, but as they were getting ready to retire, I had to leave my sleeping car berth and get into the day coach as it would be but a short time until I would be in Knoxville. As I was the only one of the party who had participated in the operations of the army in and about Knoxville I was anxious after an absence of 40 years to see what changes had been made, and see if any of the war time signs were visible. So I embraced the opportunity and stopped off, I am glad I did, while I missed the pleasant company for the remainder of the trip, yet I was well repaid for my stop. The party went to their several homes without accident or incident of any particular kind they reached Philadelphia early Sunday morning, feeling sure they had such a trip as would be remembered for all time they will be left on this sphere. I have heard from some of them since.

Knoxville of today is not the Knoxville of 1863 it is a city now of vast business interests. Improvemeat is and has been the order of the day ever since the war. Northern capital has done much for it as it has all over the south. Factories and business houses abound and good ones too. Such a market as I saw there I never saw in the north in any city of near the size of Knoxville. It is said there are nearly fifty thousand inhabitants in Knoxville. There were only about 2000 when the war was over the increase has been wonderful. Very few places could I recognize. A small part of Fort Saunders remains which is situated in the western portion of the city and where some of the most desperate fighting for the time it lasted, occurred on the 29th, of Nov. 1863, when Longstreet made the desperate attempt to carry the hill and the fortifications on that cold frosty morning forty years ago. He signally failed and his loss was so great that he never repeated it. About 280 of his men were killed and wounded and prisoners, our loss was three of the 79th, New York killed and a number not large, of the 45th and 100th, P. V., and some of the 36th, Mass., wounded. The next Sunday morning the 6th of Dec. the seige was raised and it was because Sherman was in his rear and he thought it best to retire. Those long twenty days in which we were penned up in Knoxville will never be forgotten by the old boys of the 9th, and 23rd Corps. We did not just know which way we would go, but Grant with his foresight directed Burnside to hold on until after Chattanooga battles would occur which he knew would be soon and then our relief would come. It did and Sherman was the officer sent to help Longstreet to get along up the valley toward Virginia, he went, "nor did he stand on the order of his going."

It should have been the pride of the Government to have saved that historic fort called for Gen. Saunders who lost his life in holding back the rebel army with his cavalry, until we were safely lodged inside. He did it, but was mortally wounded and brought into the city and died that night. He was buried at 12 o'clock at midnight by lantern light in the old grave yard attached to the Presbyterian church. I was one of the officers who attended the funeral and I can recall but one or two who was there and still living. Probably not more than one or two of us are alive today. Burnside, Potter, Hartranft, Fero White, all the Generals who were there are gone some years ago. As I stated above but little of the fort remains, nothing at all of the rifle pits, the march of improvement has swept all away, streets are opened through part of it, houses built on another part, I was told the government has it now and will preserve what is left. I hope it is true, It would be a good thing if the next Legislature of Pennsylvania would appropriate a sum of money to put upon the remains of the fort. a joint monument to the 5 regiments and two batteries, from Penna., who served there in that seige, on the fort is the only place it can be placed, if placed at all, as every where else that any one of the regiments encamped or occupied trenches is wholly gone, no sign remains of any of their camps or places in trenches or rifle pits, even the old Court House where Dr. Christ, now of Lemont, had his hospital, has been torn down and not a sign of it remains. That part of the town down by the railroad which was covered by shops of the railroad and some dwellings which we had to destroy for our own protection is now all built up much more than it was and the railroad company has taken in much more land on which to erect even larger shops and made ten tracks to where there was only one then. A fine station one of the best equipped in the south is to be found there, the entrance is by a passage way from the street and you go down steps when once inside to get to the trains. The waiting room on the left of the entrance is for the white people, it says so over the door, the one on the right is for colored, it also says so over the door, a smoking room is in the rear of each, so too is a ladies waiting room, with very comfortable rocking chairs. The two rooms for colored and white are exactly alike. Only the difference, over the mantle in the white room there are four lines of a poem painted in black letters easily read, in the colored there are but two lines. The fire places are built of light colored brick the whole room is finely furnished and complete in every way. It is to be hoped the great Pennsylvania railroad company will build one in Bellefonte somewhat like it. The ticket office is in the centre and opens into both rooms. The baggage room is on the ground floor on a level with the train service, so too is the express office. All the rooms are very large. Having a good deal of time on my hands waiting for the train I copied the verses as written of above, as I never saw anything like it before, I give them to you now as being unusual.

In the white peoples room over one mantel is the following which is probably from Burn's they are Scotch at any rate :

"If ye hae made a step aside,
Some hap mistaks o'ertain you.
Yet still keep up a decent pride,
And ne'er o'erfar demean you."

On the other wall is found the following :

"Time comes wi' kind oblivious shade,
And daily darker sets it,
And if nae mair mistakes are made,
The world soon forgets it"

In the colored peoples room are found the following lines above each mantel :

"With passions so potent, and franchises so bright,
No man with the half of them 'er went quite right,

On the other mantel are found these lines :

"With knowledge so vast, and with judgment so strong,
No man with the half of 'em 'er went far wrong."

Well so much for that I thought it peculiar both in word and in place and so give it.

I called to see several people whom I once knew in Knoxville, but found the man I knew best, Cap. H. S. Chamberlain does not now live there but in Chattanooga. Not knowing it when there I am so sorry I missed seeing him. Mrs. Elliott was at home and glad to see me She is a sister of Mr. H. P. and John P. Harris. I had quite a pleasant hour with her, when there during the seige we were of much use to her, when the seige raised, I was able to give her assistance of an ambulance and sent her North to her old home in Bellefonte, she is well. I visited the National cemetery which is just in the town north of the railroad the keeper being away from the place that afternoon, and the records not being where they could be found, and the irregularity of the grounds I was not able in the hour I had, to find the graves of any of our men who died or was killed during the service in East Tenn. It is not near so well kept as other cemeteries and while it is beautiful for situation a real mound, it is not laid out in state plots and therefore very hard to find any particular place in it that points to any particular where the dead of any state are buried in regularity. Most of the cemeteries established by the government have plots where one can find the dead soldiers of any state he may be looking for.

Near the entrance one of the handsomest tributes to dead soldiers I have seen anywhere, was erected by the people of Tennessee to its dead. It is of rough stone built in the form of a tomb with iron gates, and a room which is reached by going up several steps all of handsone light colored stone, records and other books belonging to the organizations of Tenn., are kept behind those locked grated doors, a beautiful square tower rises at one corner to a height of probably 25 feet. On one of the corners of the tower rises a round tower ten or fifteen feet above the square one. On top of that is a large globe and on top of the globe is an eagle with outstretched wings, it is very handsome, at the side of one of the doors is cut on a marble slab the following : "To the Tennesseeans who laid down their lives a voluntary sacrifice on Freedom's altar who endured with fortitude temporary banishment from their mountain homes, who followed the flag they loved on a score of battlefields and who fell valiantly contending for National unity. This monument is lovingly erected by their comrades and friends."

On another die is cut Tennesse furnished to the war for the union 31,092 men, causualities 6,776.

There are buried in the Knoxville national cemetery 3134 dead soldiers of which amount 2036 are known and 1045 unknown. In connection with that I might mention what I forgot in its proper place, there are in the Shiloh cemetery about 3500 of whom only about 1200 are known the rest unknown.

I left Knoxville on Saturday at 4:35 p. m. As the train ran only to Ashville I had to stay all night and wait for early morning train. Had an excellent hotel at the station, was not in the town it is some distance away and on top of high hills. I did not see it. It is a great resort for people seekinh health, it is 2200 feet above tide. The Geo. Vanderbilt estate of 125000 acres and called Biltmore is near there very few people ever get inside the gates and, very much fewer into the house. He owns the town and station of Biltmore and has erected some very pretty and cosy cottages there which are to be seen from the cars as they go by. The improvements around and about it and the buildings on the estate are said to be of the most castly and elaborate kind known in any place in the U. S.

I arrived in Washington City at 10:30 Sunday evening, went at once to Major Cheeseman's house he was waiting for me when the cars stoped. His family are well, and enjoying life, he and wife are hospitable and kind. I had a call on Monday evening from Nelson Lucas well known to people in this section. He is in the Pension Department and getting along well, owns his own home. I also called on Cap. John (Paddy as we called him when a boy) Gilliland they are all well, he is getting along well. I also called at the war department and saw T. B. Nolan well known to Bellefonters, I also saw Mrs Nolan, they are all well. I called to see Mrs. Dr. Mitchell and saw there all the family Cap. and Mrs. Foote and all the others. Had the pleasure of traveling from Washington to Harrisburg with Dr. G. W. Atherton, President of the State College, it was a pleasant journey.

My story is about told it is necessarily long to make it so it would be understood. I cannot refrain even at the last from mentioning the pleasant gentlemen whom we met at Shiloh and from whom so much interesting information was had. Major Reed, the historian and secretary under the commission with him we would have had less information. He is geniality itself. Comrade Lindsay, of the Ohio battlefield commission and compiler of Ohio at Shiloh. He is a fund of information, and presented some of us with his work, it is fine. Ohio had 34 regiments and batteries in that fight, Col. Cadle, one of the Com. of the U. S., was a genial host. With the management of Adj. Gen. Stewart and his right-hand man Stauffer, matters went so pleasantly and everything was so well arranged that all things seemed to fit into each other and every one. I know, voted the trip a complete success. The Governor and his family were kind and pleasant and seemed to enjoy the trip to their hearts content.

I secured many momentos and souvenirs, of the trip, most of which I gave to the ladies of the party. Some I brought home for folks at home. I saw but few bullets that were picked up, but we procured them at other places. there were a few, and sometimes after a rain in ploughed fields quite a number can be found on almost any battle field.

I arrived home Tuesday morning as well as any one could be and not a particle tired. I have given these lines for what they are worth, if they will lead any one to think and read about those great conflicts in the early part of the war and to look the matter up and to study the history of those great struggles for the supremacy of the Government I am content, for all time and labor spent on them. Some will be interested in them, some will get new ideas about those places, as it is seldom anything is written or said about those far away historic places. In a few years all the actors in those scences will be gone and then little will be known about them by the rising generation.

AUSTIN CURTIN.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

First Brick House in Hublersburg.

While Hublersburg is an old, old town, it will have its first brick house erected next summer. The dwelling will be constructed for the use of Miss Rockey, by her representative, S. P. Hockman, of Hecla, who at one time lived on the Krape farm in Gregg township. The contractors for the wood work are the Hagen Brothers, of Farmers Mills, while Al Osman, of Centre Hall, will do the brick work.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.
C. M. Parrish.

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. For sale by C. M. Parrish.

BANNER SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.
F. Potts Green.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. For sale by C. M. Parrish.

THE GRFAT "RUB-DOWN."
FOUR-FOLD LINIMENT.
For Sore Muscles, Pain in Back, Sore Throat and Sprains.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS. 25c, 50c, $1.00

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles. Burns, Sores.
F. Potts Green

Duff's College
Has unsurpassed facilities for giving a Business Education, and placing Students when trained. Circulars on application.
P. Duff & Sons, 8th & Liberty Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

Free Trial
"A Perfect Chopper," says Mrs. Rorer
Write for cook book by
Rollman Meat and Food Chopper No. 11. At your dealer's, 50c, by mail or express 10c. Your MONEY BACK if not satisfactory.
ROLLMAN MFG. CO., 140 Penn Ave., Kenat Joy, Pa.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla is the medicine for impure blood, eruptions, weakness and general debility — it positively and absolutely CURES.

PROFIT

The matter of feed is of tremendous importance to the farmer. Wrong feeding is loss. Right feeding is profit.

The up-to-date farmer knows what to feed his cows to get the most milk, his pigs to get the most pork, his hens to get the most eggs. Science.

But how about the children? Are they fed according to science, a bone food if bones are soft and undeveloped, a flesh and muscle food if they are thin and weak and a blood food if there is anemia?

Scott's Emulsion is a mixed food; the Cod Liver Oil in it makes flesh, blood and muscle, the Lime and Soda make bone and brain. It is the standard scientific food for delicate children.

Send for free sample.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne
CHEMISTS,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1; all druggists

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
C. M. Parrish.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WILLIAM BURNSIDE
Successor to CHARLES SMITH.
FIRE INSURANCE.
Temple Court Bellefonte, Pa.

THE GEORGE L. POTTER INSURANCE AGENCY.
FREDERICK K. FOSTER Successor,
Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.
General Insurance

C. M. BOWER. ELLIS L. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. A. DALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner Spring and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

HARRY KELLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the Temple Court building, south Allegheny street, Bellefonte Pa.

H. C. QUIGLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple court building, Bellefonte, Pa.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny treet, Bellefonte, Pa.

WILBUR F. REEDER.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, one door north of Gazette office, Bellefonte, Pa.

Vin-te-na
THE WORLD'S GREATEST TONIC.
Take VIN TE-NA and the good effects will be immediate. You will get strong, you will feel bright, fresh and active, you will feel new, rich blood coursing through your veins, your nerves will act steadily, you will feel health, strength and energy coming back to you.
Sold under positive guarantee. If it fails to benefit you your money will be refunded.
Vin-te-na
The World's Greatest Tonic.
All Druggists.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEP Sunday—In effect May 25 1902.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 25	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 45
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18
9 50	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 23

RAILROAD GUIDE.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
Schedule in effect Nov. 29 1903

Via Tyrone—Westward
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.19 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.56 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.19 p m, at Harrisburg 6.35 p m, at Philadelphia 9.28 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10.00 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.
Leave Bellefonte 1.25 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.50 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 2.25 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.22 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.25 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, leave Williamsport 3.55 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8 16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9 15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.25 m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.17 a m

Via Lewisburg.
Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.00 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.25, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.47 p m

For full information time tables, maps fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr
GEO. W. BOYD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, May 26th 1902, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
College Accom.	Exp.			Mail.	Exp.	Accom.
1†	†5	†2		†2	†4	†7
a m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a m	p m p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 29	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 32	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 32	f10 50	Hunters	f8 31	f2 15	f6 20
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Fillmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 15
f6 56	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 08	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 08
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 58
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 24	f5 13
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

†Flag stops on flag. ‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVAnia Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 24, 1903

Westward.				Eastward		
55	55	51		50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	Lock Haven	10 30	2 10	9 15
3 51	12 16	9 01	Mill Hall	10 22	2 05	9 09
4 02	12 26	9 12	Beech Creek	10 11	1 55	8 59
4 05	12 29	9 15	Eagleville	10 08	1 47	8 56
4 14	12 38	9 24	Howard	9 59	1 47	8 46
4 20		9 30	Mount Eagle	9 53	1 38	8 40
4 28	12 48	9 34	Curtin	9 49	1 29	8 36
4 32	12 55	9 41	Milesburg	9 41	1 24	8 28
4 44	1 05	9 56	Bellefonte	9 32	1 05	8 16
4 53	1 14	10 01	Milesburg	9 18	1 24	8 08
4 56	1 17	10 04	Snow Shoe Int	9 15	1 17	8 08
5 02	1 22	10 11	Unionville	9 07	1 12	7 57
5 12	1 28	10 20	Julian	8 58	1 06	7
5 21	1 34	10 28	Martha	8 49	1 00	
5 28	1 40	10 35	Port Matilda	8 42	12 55	
5 35	1 46	10 47	Hannah	8 35	12 49	
5 37		10 43	Fowler	8 33		7 33
5 40		10 45	Dix	8 30		7 30
5 46	1 56	10 51	Bald Eagle	8 24	12 36	7 14
5 50	2 00	10 55	Vail	8 20	12 35	7 10
5 54	2 04	10 59	East Tyrone	8 16	12 26	7 06
6 00	2 10	11 05	Tyrone	8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROA Time table in effect May 24, 1903

NORTHWARD.				SOUTHWARD		
EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
6 50	3 26	6 20	Tyrone	8 50	11 20	5 35
6 56	3 31	6 26	East Tyrone	8 49	11 14	5 29
6 58		6 28	Tyrone		11 12	5 27
7 01	3 35	6 31	Vail	8 45	11 09	5
7 11	3 46	6 42	Vanscoyoc	8 36	11 02	5 17
7 16	3 50	6 47	Gardner	8 32	10 59	5 14
7 24	3 59	6 57	Mt. Pleasant	8 27	10 51	5
7 30	4 06	7 05	Summit	8 20	10 44	
7 34	4 10	7 09	Sandy Ridge	8 14	10 38	4 50
7 36	4 12	7 11	Retort	8 11	10 36	4 50
7 38	4 16	7 12	Powelton	8 09	10 33	4 50
7 48	4 24	7 21	Osceola	7 59	10 28	4 42
	4 25		Osceola Junct		10 20	4 37
7 54	4 33	7 26	Boynton	7 54	10 17	4 33
7 56	4 37	7 30	Steiners	7 5	10 13	4 30
8 02	4 40	7 40	Philipsburg	7 48	10 12	4 25
8 06	4 45	7 45	Graham	7 42	10 07	4 20
8 11	4 50	7 50	Blue Ball	7 37	10 02	4 15
8 17	4 56	7 56	Wallaceton	7 32	9 56	4 09
8 22	5 02	10 02	Bigler	7 26	9 50	4 02
8 28	5 08	10 09	Woodland	7 20	9 45	3 56
8 30	5 10	10 13	Mineral Sprigs	7 17	9 40	3 52
8 34	5 14	10 18	Barrett	7 12	9 36	3
8 38	5 18	10 24	Leonard	7 07	9 32	3
8 48	5 28	10 38	Clearfield	7 02	9 24	
8 50	5 32	10 40	Riverview	6 52	9 16	2
8 56	5 38	10 47	Susque. Bridge	6 45	9 10	2 19
9 00	5 42	10 55	Curwensville	6 40	9 06	2 15
9 06	5 51	11 01	Rustic	6 25	8 57	2 09
9 14	5 59	11 09	Stronach	6 19	8 50	2 04
9 20	6 05	11 15	Grampian	6 15	8 45	2 00
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD In effect May 24, 1903.

Westward.			Eastward	
p m	a m		a m	p m
1 35	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 45
1 48	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 30
2 00	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 18
2 08	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 10
2 20	7 07	Millimont	8 33	3 57
2 28	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	3 49
2 39	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 20
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 27	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 28
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 45	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 12	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 06
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 0

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.					READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3		No. 6	No. 2	No. 4	
a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m.	
†7 00	†6 45	†2 40	Bellefonte	9 25	9 35	6 15	
7 11	6 56	2 51	Nigh	9 12	9 22	6 02	
7 16	7 01	2 56	Zion	9 06	9 16	4 56	
7 23	7 07	3 06	Hecla Park	9 0	9 10	4 50	
7 25	7 09	3 08	Dunkles	8 58	9 07	4 43	
7 29	7 13	3 09	Hublersburg	8 54	9 03	4 44	
7 33	7 17	3 13	Snydertown	8 50	8 59	4 40	
7 35	7 19	3 15	Nittany	8 47	8 56	4 37	
7 37	7 21	3 17	Huston	8 44	8 53	4 34	
7 41	7 25	3 21	Lamar	8 41	8 50	4 31	
7 46	7 27	3 28	Clintondale	8 38	8 47	4 28	
7 47	7 31	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	8 33	8 43	4 23	
7 51	7 35	3 31	Mackeyville	8 28	8 38	4	
7 57	7 41	3 37	Cedar Springs	8 23	8 32	4 11	
8 00	7 44	3 40	Salona	8 20	8 30	4 10	
8 05	7 50	3 45	Mill Hall	†8 15	†8 25	†4 05	
			(NEW YORK CENT.)				
11 45			Jersey Shore		7 40	3 25	
12 20	3 40		Arr { WM'PORT } Lve		†7 10	†2 50	
12 29	9 10		Lve { WM'PORT } Arr		7 00	2 50	
	11 50		(PHILA AND READING RY)				
			PHILA		11 30	†2 20	
7 30	6 50		NEW YORK (Via Phila)		6 30	†4 00	
10 40	29 02				87 30	†4 00	
p.m.			Ar. Lv.		p.m.	a.m.	

*Daily. † Week Days. $ 6 00 p. m. Sunday 2 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.20 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 36 p. m.

J. W GEPHART,
General Superintendent

IN OLD MEXICO

By CON AMORE.

The first time I saw Mary was when Dad and I stopped at Radman's ranch over night, preparatory to going into Old Mexico.

She was small, sweet and dainty, golden haired and blue eyed. I fell in love with her at once and she was singularly attracted by my. what she herself told me, wonderfully beautiful, dark face and eyes. To say nothing of my height, (six feet.) I was truly my father's daughter, every feature was the same, softened and effeminized to be sure. As I am speaking more of Mary than myself I shall have to glance over my—fortunes.

Daddy was wonderfully rich, a ranch, and mine owner, I his only relative. Mama was dead since my first birthday, we could easily have kept up the most palatial mansion on Fifth Avenue, New York, had we hankered for such a life; her Daddy had made his money by hard work and loved the life of the plains. As for me, I could not have endured being shut up, even in a palace with a dozen horses to ride in the parks. I *must* have the plains to ride across every day on the back of my splendid big black Denon. I was the envey of the few girls in our neighborhood and the admired of all. Many chances had I for the title of Mrs. in twenty two years but I had never experienced the "grande passion" as yet.

Now, however, I met Mary. All the love I would have lavished on a lover I gave to her, I never had any close friends like most girls, no one except Dad and big Ben, a handsome young cowboy who had been with us for six years, he having come to Texas for his health.

Dad trusted Ben always and anywhere, I respected him he was a perfect gentleman. I persuaded Mary to accompany us. She had only been in Texas a month then. She was an orphan from Ohio, her only relative being Mr. Rachman, her uncle. His daughters did not much like her so she was the more willing to go. We had a fine time together, she telling me of her eastern life, I amusing her with tales of ranch life.

We spent a night together in an old town. Dad wished to go farther south and at my request allowed we two to stay there. Mary was delighted as there was plenty of sights and scenery to while away the time.

I expected also to visit Senor Thelds. We had met before and as he was a thorough gentleman, spoke excellent English and was agreeable I thought him all right. He owned hundreds of sheep, horses and cattle, his "hienca" was three miles to the west of the town. We were out for a ride one morning and met him. He did not know me at once, he was so busily looking at my companion. She was dressed in a blue shirt waist, dark blue skirt and a soft-felt hat, not as big and broad as mine. Then he looked at me and was instantly very polite and nice. I introduced Mary. Her eyes shone and she scarcely knew what to say. He insisted on our going home with him in the evening. And, to my everlasting sorrow we went.

For two long, lazy, lovely weeks we were the guests of the handsome, generous Mexican. He was unmarried. His cousin, an old aunt and himself with the servants, constituted his household.

The cousin was beautiful and madly in love with Tamazo Thelds. He was in love with Mary quite as madly. She returned his affections. I was sorry. I lost her as soon as I found her. The marriage was to be in two weeks.

Tamazo Thelds was rich and so would his wife be. He would buy the trousseau and have everything at his house in two weeks from tonight.

Heavens! That Nita. She was dreadful. On the night before the wedding Ben came for me. We would go home the next morning after the happy event. The house was full of friends who had come from far and near. Tamazo was away and would not get home 'til morning. The pretty senorita's and gallant senor's were dancing on the long verandah. Ben and I were walking under the trees. He was telling me a story which, to my ears was new but, I had heard of it not long ago. Daddy had given him permission to tell it me.

And I—I listened. My Daddy was wise. My heart had been changing these last few weeks.

It was late when we went to our rooms. Mary had retired long before. I was sure Ben had retired but I saw him walking in the moonlight, smoking.

This was to be the last night that my friend would be Mary Martin. I went softly to the door, pushed it open and then when the flickering light of the candle made the things discernable, looked toward Mary's couch and—the light fell to the floor. Suppressing a scream I flew out of the room and down to Ben. I gasped out that he should come quick. He followed me. I lit my candle again and—He swore awfully, I had never before heard the like. Mary was lying on her couch, her white dress all red with her life blood. Her golden hair was loose and swept across her face. She was dead this hour past. Ben swore and stormed about Nita, I knew it was her work. I ordered Ben to hitch up at once and we would leave the cursed place. In the meantime I sought Nita. I knew where she would likely be and found her in her room in exactly the same position of her victim. Instantly all my hatred turned to pity. I hastily scrawled a few words to Senor Tamazo Thelds and left them on our dressing table.

Nita had cheated him of his bride and I had taken her away.

With the first sorrow of my life and a vow to never go near an other greaser I, with the last of my once loving Mary, was accompanied by the faithful Ben back to dear old Dad.

That was how we left Old Mexico after our happy triumphant entry four weeks before. CON AMORE.

[An original story written specially for the Republican by a resident of Centre county.]

THE WEARY WAY

Daily Becoming Less Wearisome to Many in Bellefonte.

With a back that aches all day.
With rest distrubed at night.
Annoyings urinary disorders.
'Tis weary way indeed.

Doan's Kidney Pills drive weariness away.

Are endorsed by Bellefonte citizens.

G. H. Bradt of 121 Penn street gardener says: "I had a lame back and pains over my kidneys. I was at times so lame it was most painful to straighten up after sitting or stooping and any lifting or turning suddenly hurt me exceedingly. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills some Bellefonte people who had been cured by using them and I procured a box from F. Potts Green's drug store.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute

—The spectacle of a barefoot man clad only in trousers and undershirt, and suffering from smallpox, plodding through the snow-covered streets of William sport at an early hour Sunday morning was an awe-inspiring sight in the eyes of some citizens of the Lumber City. It was an inmate of the city contagious disease hospital who had escaped the vigilance of his nurse. He was eventually recaptured.

—Jo Jo, the dog faced man, who traveled with Barnum's circus through the United States and appeared in almost every museum in the world, died recently at Salonica, Turkey, of pneumonia.

Americans are known as a dyspeptic people. The extent of this disease may be inferred from the multitude of so called "medicine" offered as a remedy. They are often in tablet form and have no value except as palliative of the immediate effects of dyspepsia. The man who used them may feel better but is surely getting worse. They do not touch the real cause of the disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a medicine specially prepared to cure disease of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It is not made to give temporary relief but to effect permanent cure. In ninety-eight cases out of every hundred it cures perfectly and permanently.

It has cost Dr. Pierce $25 000 to give away in the last year the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, which have been applied for. This book of 1008 pages is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A NIGHT ALARM.

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup, which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. P. L. Cordier, of Mannington, Ky., writes: "My three year old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life." Refuse substitutes. For sale by C. M Parrish.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS THROWN AWAY.

Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks to this great remedy, it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it." For sale by C. M. Parrish.

JAP TROOPS LANDED AT CHEMULPO

Reports Say the Siberian Railway Has Been Badly Broken

Russian Cossacks Slaughter Many Japs—Gen. Litevitch on His Way to Manchuria to Take Supreme Command of the Russian Army.

LATEST EASTERN WAR NEWS

[Special to the Republican]

SAN FRANCISCO, February 11.—A cablegram to the Associated Press from Nagaski states that the Russian cruiser Variag which was reported to have been sunk Wednesday at Chemulpo by the Japanese fleet was captured and arrived at Sasebo.

The dispatch also states that in addition to the Russian vessels damaged in the torpedo attack at Port Arthur, that seven other vessels were captured.

It is also reported at Kagasaki that General Kuropatkin has arrived at Harbin to take command of the Russian land forces.

TOKIO, Feb. 11.—Japan seized Masampho Sunday and dispatched a heavy force there. Japan will fortify the port and establish a naval and military base there.

Masampho is an exceedingly important point as it controls the Korean channel and is an excellent base for future operations.

TOKIO, Feb 11—A formal declaration of war is expected. The proclamation has been prepared and approved by the Cabinet, Foreign Minister Komura has gone to the palace to secure the Emperor's approval.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says an important bridge on the Manchurian railroad has been blown up and thirty men have been killed.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Dispatches to the Daily Mail from Tokio and Nagasaki, dated February 10, report the arrival at Sasebo, Japan, of two large Russian steamers. One is the volunteer fleet association transport Ekaterinoslay, which recently landed troops and arms at Port Arthur, and the other is the steamer Argun, belonging to the Chinese Eastern Railway company. Both were captured by the Japanese cruisers Yen and Hei-Yen in the neighborhood of Fusan, Kore. The Ekaterinoslay is of ten thousand tons displacement and had been fitted up as an auxiliary cruiser. She had thirty rifles on board and was on her way from Vladivostock. The Argun was going to Vladivostock from Nagasaki.

The Russian whalers Glorig, Nicelai, Alexander and Michael, captured by the Japanese, have also arrived at Sasebo.

UNCLE SAM NEUTRAL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The President has decided to issue a proclamation of neutrality. It probably will make its appearance today. The proclamation is in stereotype form and simply recites and deplores the existence of hostilities between Japan and Russia and enjoins upon citizens of the United States a strict regard and observance of neutrality laws.

VIENNA, Feb. 11.—Count Goluchowski, the Austria-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, announced Wednesday that Austria-Hungary had resolved to observe strict neutrality in the Far East.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 11.—The government of the Netherlands today issued a proclamation of neutrality during the war in the Far East.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 11.—King Christian, of Denmark, last night issued a neutrality proclamation, which will immediately be communicated to Japan and Russia.

LONDON, February 12.—(4:45 a. m. Friday).—In a dispatch from Shanghai dated February 12, two a. m., a correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says:

"The bombardment of Port Arthur continues. Three Russian cruisers have been sunk. The Russian bank building has been destroyed."

LONDON, February 12.—(4:10 a. m. Friday).—In a dispatch from Nagasaki dated February 11, a correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says:

"There has been a renewed attack on Port Arthur. The Japanese captured seven Russian ships and chased others.

"There have been disturbances at Port Arthur in which a number of Japanese civilians were killed or imprisoned.

"A Chinese mob has destroyed the telegraph line around New Chwang."

LONDON, February 11.—The Reuter Telegram Company's correspondent at Tokio in a dispatch time 9:15 p. m. yesterday morning says:

"Details of the Chemulpo engagement received here say the captain of the Variag remained on board his ship and blew her up after the crew escaped. Part of the crew swam to a French ship and others got ashore.

"One report says that the French warship notified the Russians of the Japanese approach. The Koreitz engaged the Japanese cruisers first, while the Variag protected the transports. The Koreitz was soon destroyed."

The dispatch adds: "Tokio witnessed a smaller Mafeking celebration tonigh. Thousands of students paraded the streets, accompanied by many bands of music and carrying torches, flags, colored lanters and transparencies emblazoned with war pictures. National airs were sung and cheers continually given. The various processions surrounded the palace wall and visited the government offices.

"Russian legation overlooks a square where thousands of people had assembled to witness the celebration of the Japanese victory, but the windows of the legation were darkened. The crowds are orderly.

"The British residents of Tokio were cheered wherever they appeared."

LONDON, February 11.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company cables that the naval headquarters staff there announces that in the fight at Port Arthur six Japanese ships were slightly damaged and fifty Japanese were killed and 150 wounded.

PARIS, February 11.—Orders have been cabled to the commanders of the Pascal and De Gueydon, the French cruisers now in Korean or Japanese waters, to proceed to Inde-China, where they will form part of the French squadron there.

The French torpedo boat destroyers Pistolet, Juvaline, Mosequet and Fronde are reported to have been ordered to the Far East.

The submarine boat Perle is being made ready for transportation to the Far East on board a cruiser.

LONDON, February 12.—(4 a. m. Friday).—In a dispatch from Copenhagen a correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"The Russian Baltic squadron of fifteen warships passed through Danish waters todao en route for the Far East around Cape Skagen; but as a fierce storm was raging in the North Sea the Russian Admiral ordered the squadron through the Kaiser Wilhelm canal."

BERLIN, February 11.—A dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung from Yokohama, says the greater number of Russian warships at Port Arthur have already been disabled and that several Japanese warships have been sent home for repairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 13.—4 a. m. —A report has been received from Viceroy Alexieff saying that the Russian torpedo transport Yenisei has been blown up as the result of accidentally striking a mine at Port Arthur. The Yenisei sank and Captain Stepanoff, three officers and ninety-one men were lost.

LONDON, February 13.—5 a. m. Saturday.—Complete silence has fallen over the Far East. Not a word of news is to be had here except the report given out at the Japanese legation of the shelling of two Japanese merchant vessels by four Russian warships and the report from Viceroy Alexieff of the blowing up of the Russian torpedo transport Yenisei.

This long silence has given rise to the belief that important events are transpiring.

LONDON, February 13.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Tokio says the Japanese have blown up a portion of the Siberian railroad, but this is probably only a petition of previous reports.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph claims unimpeachable authority to declare that in the event of Russia being defeated in the Far East, Germany will make a diversion in her favor likely to have far-reaching results.

The Daily Telegraph this morning says the British admirality has sent letters of warning to all retired naval officers who are eligible for service.

CHEFOO, February 12.—The British steamer Fu Ping, when leaving Port Arthur, was fired upon by Russians, three Chinese members of the crew being wounded, the Russians afterwards apologizing for firing on the vessel. The Fu-Ping upon its arrival at Wei-Hai-Wei filed a protest with the British commissioner.

The American consul has reported to United States Minister Conger that the Russian authorities have refused to allow the American steamer Pleiades to leave Port Arthur.

The Pleiades sailed from Seattle February 2 with a cargo of flour.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—The Japanese legation this evening received the following dispatch under of Tokio, Feb-February

"Two small Japanese merchant ships 'Zensho-Maru' and 'Nakon Oura Maru' while on their way to Otaru (a port on the northern coast of the main island of Japan) were fired on February 11 by four Russian men-of-war off the coast of Aomori prefecture and the latter was sunk while the former had a narrow escape. The Russian men-of-war are still seen off the western coast of Yezo Island. They are supposed to be the first class cruisers which have been shut up at Vladivostock and tried some time ago to join the main squadron at Port Arthur."

ST. PETERSBURG, February 12.—An imperial ukase dated February 10 was issued today. It commands that all the troops in the military establishment in the Siberian military districts be placed in readiness for war, that all the divisions in the Far Eastern Viceroyalty be brought to war strength and that the army and navy reserves in the Siberian and Kazan districts be called out for active service.

The authorities are empowered to requisition the necessary horses.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 15.—2.45 p. m. Monday.—A communication from Viceroy Alexieff just received, confirms the report of the leading of 19,000 Japanese troops at Chemulpo. The Viceroy adds that reports have been received of attempts to cut the telepraph wires along the Chinese Eastern railway and also to destroy one of the abutments of the Sungard bridge. These attempts, he adds, were immediately detected and decisive measures taken to guard the railway.

A telegram from Khakarovsk says that General Litevitch has been appointed to the supreme command of the Russian army in Manchuria.

Grand Duke Cyril, a cousin of the Czar, and Grand Duke Boris, the Czar's uncle, are about to proceed to the seat of war.

LONDON, February 15.—The Daily Mail Port Arthur correspondent, under date of February 12, says:

"Official advices state that the Japanese landed 600 soldiers near Talien-Wen with disastrous results, 410 being sabred by Cossacks. The remainder escaped to their ships. It is further stated that the Japanese landed at Dove Bay, where thirty of them were killed and the remainder retreated."

CHEFOO, February, 14.—A steamer arriving here from Port Arthur reports that heavy firing was heard in the straits of Pe-Chi-Li at midnight.

CHEFOO, Friday February 12.—It is reported 12,000 Japanese troops were landed at Dove Bay last Wednesday morning, and that they were met by the Russians, who engaged them in a hand-to-hand fight. The reports says the Japanese were driven back. It is reported that Japanese troops have been landed forty miles further west.

PARIS, February 14.—The French government has declared its neutrality in connection with the war between Russia and Japan.

NAGASKI, February 14.—Six Norwegian steamers chartered by a Russian naval contractor, have been captured. The vessels are the Lena, Activ, Sentis, Seirstadt, Argo and Hermis. They carried coal cargoes. The Hermis arrived here today under convoy of a cruiser. It is rumored that 1,700 Japanese soldiers have been killed, presumably by the sinking of a transport. Disturbances are reported proceeding in Seoul.

LONDON, February 15—The Daily Mail's New Chewang correspondent, under date of February 11 cables:

"According to official Port Arthur telegrams, the Japanese landed a force yesterday at Pigeon Bay, West Port Arthur. They were then attacked by troops and by the battlries and were defeated with heavy loss."

SEOUL, February 14.—All mails are suspended. Korean malcontents are plundering the country wide-spread. The reported landing of Japanese is false.

Chefoo, Friday, February 12 —All foreign steamers that have left Dalny heard nothing of the Japanese army.

CHEFOO, February 15 —It is stated that eleven Russian ships were damaged in the recent engagement at Fort Royal. The whole fleet has moved into the inner harbor. Torpedo boats remain outside on scouting duty.

Five extra big guns have been mounted on the forts and they are firing at every object suspected of being part of the enemy's fleet.

LONDON, February 15.—The correspondent of the Daily Express at Pekin in a cablegram dated February 12, reports that Viceroy Alexieff is practically isolated, direct communication between Port Arthur and Vladivostock being suspended. He adds that the railroad behind Port Arthur has been blown up and that six thousand Japanese troops have landed near Dalny.

The Daily Mail's Tokio correspondent, under date of February 12, says that the Japanese warship Amaki has captured the German steamer Yokohama which has a cargo, including dynamite, for Port Arthur.

ST. PETERBURG, February 15.—General Pflug wires that according to private advices the Japanese after the battle at Chemulpo landed 19.000 troops.

Communication by wireless telegraphy has been established with Chemulpo and Chefoo by ships stationed between these two places.

All is quiet at Port Arthur. There is no news of the enemy's fleet and no confirmation of the reported appearance of Japanese ironclads off TatungKan, but the indications are that the enemey's scouts are off Inkau.

The mobilization of troops is being successfully carried out. General Bazielewski, chief engineer, reports that the Port Arthur forts were not damaged during the bombardment.

HOW SO THIS ?

F. J. CHENY & CO., props. Toledo, O

We the undersigned, have known F. J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A CURE FOR ECZEMA.

My baby had Eczema so bad that its head was a solid mass of scabs, and its hair all came out I tried many remedies but none seemed to do any permanent good until I used DeWitts Witch Hazel Salve. The Eczema is cured, the scabs are gone and its hair is growing beautifully again. I cannot give too much praise to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. —Frank Farmer, Bluff City, Ky. In buying Witch Hazel Salve look out for counterfeits. DeWitt's is the original and the only one containing pure Witch Hazel. The name E. C. DeWitt's & Co., is on every box. Sold by Green Pharmacy.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EARLE C. TUTEN.

BRIEF MENTION

Additional Local News inside

—This issue contains the annual statement of the Commissioners of Centre county. The amount allotted us by the Commissioners is not enough to supply all our subscribers so if you do not receive one don't blame us.

—John Clark, who is employed at the Gatesburg mine bank, while pushing a car of ore out to the switch, fell Wednesday morning and broke two of his ribs.

—Hospitaler Commandery Knight Templars, of Lock Haven, paid a fraternal visit to Constans Commandery, Knight Templars at this place Friday

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. For sale by C. M. Parrish.

—Roger T. Bayard was able to be down town Saturday for the first time in four months. He looks unusually well for one who has gone through such a seige of sickness.

—Miss Ida Klinger, the daughter of John Klinger of East Lamb street, fell while walking down Ridge street to Linn Thursday afternoon and broke her left arm in two places.

—A case of small pox is reported at Nigh bank, about two miles from town. The victim is said to be a young woman living with farmer Al Rishel. We did not learn the full particulars.

—A Vermont man was killed last week while walking on the railroad track on the way back to his house after going to a neighbor's to borrow a newspaper. A word to the wise is sufficient.

—James A. Beaver Miller Esq., is unusually proud these days owing to the fact that the stork paid his home a visit Saturday morning and left a sweet little baby boy Congratulations old man.

—Baltimore is stricken but undismayed. Here people are already erect and resolute. They have shaken the ashes from their garments and are again prepared to fight the strenuous battle of life.

—It's mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured, a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug strong, 50 cents.

—James I. McClure special representative for the Singer Sewing Machine Co., has opened an office in the Harrison Bakery building on College avenue. If in want of machines or supplies call on him.—State College Times.

—John H. Agar, a well known citizen of Lock Haven, died at noon Friday. He was quite well known to his many friends here as "Jack" Agar. He was in the foundry business for many years, served in council and was a member of the old Cataract Steam Fire Company.

—Rev. Lambert, a former member of the Central Pennsylvania conference, has been tendered the pastorate of the First M. E. church in Chicago at a salary $6000 per year. For the past couple years he has been pastor of a Methodist church in Spokane, Washington, during which time the membership has been increased from 900 to 1800.

—Friday at the old freight depot in Huntingdon occurred the sale of unclaimed or lost freight, which is the accumulation of years on the main line from Altoona to Mifflin and on the Broad Top railroad from Cumberland to Huntingdon. The articles sold were varied and interesting, raging from an empty barrel to an empty coffin.

—J. S. Skully, of Hollidaysburg, was probably fatally injured in the blowing up of an engine at Sewickley, near Greensburg, Thursday at 2 o'clock. Engineer Middlecoff was slightly scalded by escaping steam and Skully, who was firing for him, had his skull fractured and was slightly scalded. Both men were taken to the Greensburg hospital.

—Roland Mothersbaugh, a 6-year-old youngster of Johnstown, while playing along the banks of Cheney run last Saturday fell into the water and was carried through a sewer 200 feet long and then floated an additional 100 feet in the stream. when he managed to grasp an overhanging bush and pulled himself out. He walked off home none the worse, apparently, for his perilous experience.

—Rev. A. B. Hooven, a retired Methodist minister, died Monday Feb. 8th. at his home in DuBois, aged 71 years. He entered the Methodist ministry about 1869, being admitted to the Central Pennsylvania conference. He never left the conference in which he began his labors of love, and finished his time on his last charge a little more than four years ago at DuBois town, Lycoming county. He is survived by his wife, two daughters and three sons.

—The Junior Class of the High School will hold a Washington Social in the High School building Friday evening Feb 19. An excellent program has been arranged for the evenings entertainment. Ice cream, and cake as well as candy will be on sale during the evening. Admission 10 cents.

—W. C. Beckert is an Allegheny young man aged 22 years, who has for some time had a hankering to be a sailor. Some time ago a man named Charles Black, who claimed to be sailor of seven years experience, happened in Allegheny, and met Beckert. As their acquaintance ripened the notion of Beckert to become a sailor grew stronger, and recently the young man's father asked the stranger to take his son to the coast and show him the water, and if he still desired to be a sailor he would arrange for him to get aboard a school-ship; whereupon the two men started for New York. They got as far as Altoona, where they occupied the same room at the Brant House Wednesday night. Next morning Beckert was short $17 in cash and also his watch and fob, and he hadn't any room mate. Black had tricked the young man and his daddy, and now the police authorities are looking for the sailor thief.

DEATH OF JOHN WEIGHT.

Died at His Home on Howard Street Tuesday Noon.

John Weight, a highly respected citizen of our town, died at his home on East Howard street Tuesday at 1 o'clock. Death was due to that scourge of our northern clime, consumption. Mr. Weight was a glass cutter by trade and a very popular young man. He had been in failing health for the past four years.

The deceased was born in Bellefonte April 19, 1866 and was a son of the late Adam Weight. About six years ago he was married to Miss Florence Cole, a daughter of Jacob Cole, of this place. He was a member of the United Brethren, church having united with that body about two years ago.

He is survived by his wife and little daughter Marion, his mother, Mrs. Amanda Weight, also two brothers George and Allen, of Bellefonte; and two sisters, Mrs. Catherine Winner and Mrs. Clara Rhoads, both of Altoona,

The funeral took place this Thursday afternoon. The friends met at the house at 1:30 and proceed to the United Brethren church where the services were conducted by Rev. A. Davidson. Interment in the Union cemetery.

An Aged Citizen Dead.

John Caldwell, one of Bellefonte's oldest citizens, died at the home of his grandson, Thomas Caldwell, on Beaver street, Sunday evening about 9:30 o'clock, Death was due to infirmities incident to old age. The deceased was born in the parish of Belle-James-Duff, County Cavan, Ireland, ninety-four years ago. He has been a resident of Bellefonte for the past fifty-four years. For about twenty years he was in the employ of the old Snow Shoe coal company as steamster.

He was an enthusiastic Democrat and never failed to attend an election.

He is survived by one son, James Caldwell, of this place. He also leaves three grand children and two great grand-children.

His wife whose maiden name was Jane Carey, preceded him to the grave about twenty five years ago.

The funeral took place Tuesday mornjng at 10 o'clock from St. John's Catholic church. Interment in the Catholic cemetery.

The Pleasant Side of Life.

Mrs. R.G.H. Hayes gave another of her delightful thimble parties on Tuesday afternoon. This makes the third of a series given by Mrs. Hayes.

Mrs. W. Harrison Walker gave a whist party Tuesday afternoon between the hours of four and six.

Mrs. Daggett gave a large and delightful entertainment Tuesday evening.

The Social given by the members of the Presbyterian Sunday school and Christian Endeavor Society proved very successful on Tuesday night. It was not as well attended as it might have been expected but everything that one could wish for as far as a dainty and attractive menu was concerned had been provided it consisted of croquettes, salad on lettuce leaves, olives, salted almonds, cake and ice cream. The tables were decorated with carnations and presented a fine appearance.

A Prayer for Heavenly Guidance

My Father when I awake
Before my thoughts do roam
Enter in my life I pray
and make that place thy home.

Without Thee I like a ship
about to put to sea
Cannot meet lifes stormy waves
Wilt Thou my captain be.

Oh how quickly I forgot
Thy loving chastening rod
How I trifle all the day
And grieve The Oh my God.

Must I give a strict account
for idle words I say
Lord wilt Thou remember me
Be Thou my strength and stay.

Wilt Thou still my thoughts engage
Help me both night and day
And until death's shadows fall
Help me to watch and pray.

W. T. S.

PERSONALS

A. A. Stevens of Tyrone spent Monday in town.

Miss Lizzie Brugger of Unionville spent Friday in town.

John Smith of Reedsville is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Henry Sampsel of Pleasant Gap was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday.

Mr. Arthur Valentine has returned to his home in Crafton, Pa.,

Miss Mary Linn is off on a visit to friends at Allegheny Furnace.

Ex Sheriff W. M. Cronister of Philipsburg spent Tuesday in town,

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Walker are off on a weeks visit to Philadelphia.

Miss Louise Gessner is visiting her friend Mrs. Hager at Johnstown.

Col. Edward J. Praner, of Tyrone, was a Bellefonte visitor over Sunday.

John G. Carson of Buffalo Run, was in town for a few hours Thursday afternoon.

Senator W. C. Heinle was an arrival home from eastern cities Saturday morning.

Mrs. William Benner, of Centre Hall, was a shopping visitor in Bellefonte Saturday.

Mrs. William Chamberlain of Harrisburg is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Furst.

Col. and Mrs. W. F. Reeder arrived home Thursday morning from a visit to Washington, D. C.

Col. E. R. Chambers returned home Saturday morning from a business trip to Bradford and Pittsburg.

Miss Elsie Rankin and Miss Helen Crissman attended the exercises at State College Friday afternoon.

Samuel Taylor, of Pittsburg, arrived in town Friday evening to visit his parents and friends at this place.

Archie Allison, of this place, attended the funeral of his uncle, Archibald Allison, at Spring Mills Friday.

H. J. Patton, son of Senator A. E. Patton, of Curwensville, visited Bellefonte and State College friends Friday.

George W. Loner, of Stormstown, was a pleasant caller at the Republican while in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. Robert McCullough and daughter, Mrs. Lee Larimer, of Jersey Shore spent Thursday with friends in Bellefonte.

Andrew Cook of Horatio was an arrival in town Friday afternoon to spend Sunday with his family at their home on Linn street.

Mrs. Joseph E. Borches after a very enjoyable visit among friends in Bellefonte returned Thursday to her home in Knoxville, Tenn.

Miss Ella Montilius has returned to her home in Curwensville after a very pleasant visit at the home of Rev. and Mrs. John A. Wood.

C. C. Clemson, wife and family of Altoona arrived in town Saturday afternoon to pay a visit to his brother, Frank Clemson of this place.

Mrs. C. U. Hoffer and son, Fred, of Philipsburg, arrived in town Friday evening and are guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gerberich.

James H. Holmes Jr., the handsome and energetic proprietor of the State College machine shop, was a welcome caller at the Republican office while in town Saturday.

The name of Col. Hiram Young, the veteran editor of the York *Dispatch* adorned the pages of the Bush House register Friday. He attended the Lincoln Day exercises in the Schwab Auditorium at State College.

Mr. James Ott of High St. fell somewhere on Linn St. Saturday morning and while not seriously injured, was somewhat shaken up and injured about the chest, so much that he was obliged to have assistance to reach home.

United States Senator John Patton, of Michigan, and State Senator A. E. Patton, of Curwensville, inscribed their names on the Bush House register Thursday evening and remained over night. They were on their way to attend Lincoln Day exercises at State College.

John Long, of Reynolds Avenue, an old citizen of our town, returned home Thursday from Philadelphia where his eyes were operated on at the Wills Eye Hospital. When he went away he was a most totally blind and now he can see to read. The many friends of Grandpap Long as he is familiarly called will be delighted to hear of his good fortune. It will be remembered that Will Rees accompanied the old gentleman to Philadelphia several weeks ago and left him there to be treated.

—There was a carnival party at Mrs. Odilia Motts home on Bishop street Tuesday evenings and twelve of her most intimate friends were there. She had many agreeable surprises for her guests and the evenings was most enjoyable. The guests were looking forward however to one important announcement that she failed to make.

—Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

THE SPRING ELECTION.

George R. Meek Elected Treasurer and John Love Overseer of Poor.

The Spring election has come and gone and the wise ones are again saying "I told you so." Everything passed off quietly in the boro. although there was a cutting and slashing on both sides.

In the North ward the big fight was on School Director and Assessor and the straight Republicans won out.

In the South ward James Seibert, R. made a noble fight for council and although in a Democratic ward was elected. W. C. Cassidy, Republican, was re-elected assessor by a good majority.

In the West ward dissensions in the Republican ranks caused the defeat of the entire ward ticket. John Love, Republican candidate for Overseer being the only one to see day light. And thus the West ward takes the place of the South ward as the only Democratic ward in the boro.

Thomas Howley made a plucky fight for Overseer against a strong man Jno. Love. The latter's majority in the North was cut down but Howley was cut to beat the band in "the bloody south."

George R. Meek, Democrat, defeated H. B. Pontius, Republican, for Treasurer, by a majority of 152.

John Love, Republican, is elected Overseer of the Poor by a majority of 50.

Cheney Hicklen, Republican, is re-elected Auditor without opposition.

The vote was as follows:

North Ward.—Judge of Election, S. B. Miller, R. 228; J. C. Harper, D. 111; Inspector, W. H. Musser, R. 211, John N. Lane, D 124; Council, Harry Keller, R. 229, Daniel Heckman, D, 109; School Director, H. C. Quigley, R. 200, Jacob P. Smith, D. 143; Assessor, S. A. Bell, R. 214, John I. Curtin, Ind. 111; Boro. Treasurer, H. P. Pontius, R. 154. Geo. R. Meek, D. 184; O. of P., John Love, R. 178, Thomas Howley, D. 161; Aud. Cheyney K. Hicklen, R. 285.

South Ward.—Judge of Election Henry Brown, R. 139, Harry J. Walkey, D. 155; Inspector, S. E. Goss, R. 143, John H. McSuley, D. 151; Council, J. D. Siebert, R. 165, J. H. Gross, D. 133; School Director, H. K. Miller, R. 93, Wm. C. Heinle, D. 206; Assessor, W. C. Cassidy, R. 175, Daniel Eberhart, D. 116; Boro. Treasurer, H. B. Pontius, R. 116, Geo. R. Meek, D. 183; O. of P. John Love, R. 151, Thomas Howley, D. 147; Aud. Cheyney K. Hicklen, R 198.

West Ward.—Judge of Election, Isaac Thomas, R. 69, Michael Hess, D. 78; Inspector, John Strayer, R. 62, Jonathan Miller, D. 73; Council, R. S. Brouse, R 62, P. F. Keichline, D. 83; School Director, Linn McGinley, R. 56, James K. Barnhart, D 86; Assessor, J. H. Rine, R 60, L. H. McQuistion, D. 84; Boro. Treasurer, H. B. Pontius, R. 45, Geo. R. Meek, D. 100; O. of P. John Love, R. 88, Thomas Howley, D. 59; Aud., Cheyney K. Hicklen, R. 108.

Society Events of the Past Week.

New records in social gayeties were made in town this week by the number of small entertainments given. On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. R. G. H. Hayes entertained the card club at a bridge party. There were twenty-four players and the out-of-town guests were Miss Mary Hibbs and Miss Mary Thomas, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Edward H. Harris, of Butler; Mrs. W. H. Galway, of Radford, Va., and Mrs. Joseph Borchee, of Knoxville, Tenn. On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Hayes delightfully entertained thirty or more of the matrons and older set at a thimble party. Those who did not indulge in fancy work played pit or finch and an elaborate supper was served after the games.

On Wednesday evening Mrs. Frank Montgomery entertained the card club at a bridge party. There were six tables and Miss Thomas, of Philadelphia, was the guest of honor.

Thursday evening Mrs. Frank Warfield gave a dinner for her brother, Dr. Edward H. Harris of Butler, and his bride who was Miss Jean McNaughton, of Philadelphia. Another entertainment of the evening was Mrs. J. Howard Lingle's card party.

Friday evening several small affairs were given, for which lavish preparations have been made and the invitations were issued a week ago. Mrs. Harry Keller had a bridge party. And Miss Emma Montgomery entertained twenty of her friends at the Nittany County club with a chicken and waffle supper.

Gen. and Mrs. James A. Beaver entertained a party of friends at dinner Thursday evening.

Hospitality at Small Expense.

Entertainment—that is, pleasure to your guests—does not depend on the money you spend, but on your own knowledge of how to receive and extend hospitality. Christine Terhune Herrick tells you all about it. Post paid 50c. E. J. CLODE, Publisher, 156 Fifth Ave., New York.

—Edward L. Powers was on Tuesday elected Commissioner at Bryn Mawr by the Democrats. Mr. Powers was a former Bellefonte boy, and his many friends in this place, will be pleased to learn of his success.

A Matter of Health

There is a quality in Royal Baking Powder which makes the food more digestible and wholesome. This peculiarity of Royal has been noted by physicians, and they accordingly endorse and recommend it.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE SONNET OF BILLY BROWN.

Along about Thanksgiving time when all
the men in town
Were kicking at the water tax but could
not kick them down.

We have something in the Phoenix mill I
think will yet be lit.
Its chucking water up the hill till
Sammy makes it quit.

There is power in old Logan Branch that
seems to us sublime,
It makes our eyes turn Heavenward since
last Thanksgiving time.

There is something wonderful about it, as
you pass it in the night.
Hear it tip and dip in riffles moving
seaward in its flight.

And when you sit beneath it's hills and
hear it murmuring,
It's like the sweet old Lu'la byes our
mothers use to sing.

And now just in the early spring it seems
somehow as though
The little stream seems dearer than it
Did some years ago.

She gives the speckled beauties to the
Nimrods of the town.
While she foams and groans and splashe to
turn our wheel around.

Yet we robbed her hills once beautiful
Her banks of evergreen,
And filled her home with cinders and done
everything that's mean.

It seems almost a miracle that she
Could thus reveal
A spirit of forgiveness and turn our
old water wheel.

Some councilmen have solid brains and some
have brains with cracks.
But we will trust this little stream to hold
down our Water Tax.

"THE BARGAIN HUNTERS"

The Pittsburg Dispatch Makes a Great Hit With Novel Contest.

Much interest was excited in Pittsburg by the appearance of advertising in all the Pittsburg papers referring to "The Bargain Hunters." No person knew just what was meant: many thought it was a new book, but the mystery was dispelled by the publication of a large advertisement in The Pittsburg Dispatch and a most liberal display on the billboards of the city, as well as in the various stores interested, which announced that "The Bargain Hunters" was a novel contest which The Dispatch had devised to test the skill of the reader as a reader as a shopper, make him conversant with the stores where he could save money and pay him well while amusing him. Prizes of $40 each week are offered and on the whole the contest is destined to be one of the most interesting ever given by a newspaper. Get in "The Bargain Hunters" contest in The Sunday Dispatch.

A Centre County Lady Weds.

At the home of the brides' brother, Martin Harnish, at Tyrone, at 2.30 o'clock Friday afternoon, Rev. Isaac Heckman, of Columbia Avenue Methodist church, performed the ceremony which united in marriage Edward Stonebraker, of Tyrone, and Miss Minerva C. Harnish, of Wingate. Mr. and Mrs. Stonebraker left on the 7 o'clock train for the bride's home at Wingate where there was a reception given them. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Stonebraker, of Tyrone, and is an industrious young man. Mr. Stonebraker holds a position with the Pennsylvania railroad company as daylight foreman of the East Tyrone transfer. His bride is the daughter of John M. Harnish and is one of Centre county's best and most accomplished young ladies who will prove a devoted and good wife.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Feb. 15th, 1904:

Jennie E. Comings, Geo. M. Grayson.

FOREIGN LETTERS

Slurcz Mitralynak, Atta Signora, Anna Papa.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—Recorder John C. Rowe has leased the Joseph house on Curtin street now occupied by Mrs. J. L. Kurtz and will move his family here from Philipsburg.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder J. C. Rowe.

William Ferguson et ux to David W. Holt, Jan 29 1904, land in Philipsburg; consideration $700

Geo. W. McGaffey et ux to Joseph H. Turnbach, July 8 1902, 2 lots in Philipsburg; consideration $3000

S. A. Bell et ux to Jennie R. Hastings for D. H. Hastings estate, Feb 3 1904, Cemetery lot in Bellefonte; consideration $50.

J. Thomas Mitchell trustee to Ephraim Lytle, Feb 11 1904, 100 acres in Benner Twp; consideration $300

Martin Fauble et ux to Robert Park, Dec 9 1903, lot in Snow Shoe Twp; consideration $35

Wm. Bickel et al to J. J. Gramley, Jan 30 1904, farm in Miles Twp; consideration $2600

Hiram Cain's adms to Levi Walker, Feb 8 1904 two tracts in Gregg twp; consideration $88 37

The Kittaning Coal Co to Patrick Powers, Oct 21 1903, 3 acres in Rush Twp; consideration $60

The Lehigh Valley Coal Co to the Bald Eagle Valley R. R. Co., Jan 29 1904, ground in Snow Shoe Twp; consideration $1.00

Perry Aikens Sr. to Nancy M. [illegible], Jan 30 1904, lot of ground in Boggs Twp; consideration $500

Wm. Whitmer and Sons Co. to Commonwealth of Penna., Jan 15 1904, 5841 acres and 117 p. in Centre and Mifflin Co; $21,862.07

Wm. Whitmer and Sons Co., and Linden Hall Lumber Co. to Commonwealth of Penna., Jan 15 1904, sundry tracts in Centre and Huntingdon; consideration $30 669.98

Ellis L. Orvis et ux to William Reese, Feb 15 1904, three tracts of land in Worth Twp; consideration $900

William Reese to Sarah Rhoades, Feb 15 1904, two tracts of land in Worth Twp; consideration $300.

Ida M. Weaver to E. Belle Weaver, Feb 6 1904; lot in Bellefonte; consideration $640

Christian Dale's heirs to P. B. Crider and Son., Feb 15 1904, tract of land in College Twp; consideration $2500

Rosie Emenhizer at baron to May A. Heaton, May 27 1903, two tracts in Snow Shoe Twp; consideration $250

Terrence Ready's adm. to Bridget A. Coder, Feb 16 1904, land in Liberty Twp, consideration $150

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register, A. G. Archey.

Wm. Kyler Mary Barger	Philipsburg "
John Sweetwood Ellen Koons	Spring Mills Centre Hall
Frank Watson Alice Spotts	Milesburg Fleming
Robert A. Stevens Sarah C. Wence	Philipsburg "
Wm. H Macker Annie M. Rockey	Port Matilda Fillmore
John E. McWilliams Lizzie Sundy	Fairbrook Penna Furnace
Harry C. Schlegle Stella E. Garrett	Wolfe Store "
T. M. Richards Hannah Newman	Julian East Tyrone
John M Robb Mable E. Singer	Howard Blanchard

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE.

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25c. and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists.

—We make fifty cents of your shoe money look like a dollar—Mingle's great clearance sale.